

Weather
Cloudy and cold today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 57.6 and the minimum 48.8, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 38.7 and 24.2.

THE CHINA PRESS

報 陸 大

A Live Newspaper Devoted
to Progress in China

NO. 2238 VOL. VIII. Registered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission
"with special marks privileges in China" 中華民國二十七年十二月十九日

SHANGHAI, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1918

大正四年第三號郵政特准掛號

10 CENTS

GREY SAYS BRITAIN AND U.S. CAN AGREE ON NAVAL POLICIES

Thinks Misunderstanding
Can Be Avoided On
Freedom Of Seas

IN PEACE OR WAR?

Britain Already Allows It
During Peace Time,
He Remarks

BLOCKADE ISSUE

If Right Is To Be Denied,
League Of Nations Is
Necessary

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 12.—Viscount Grey, speaking at Dunsbury yesterday, said that he saw no reason why the naval policies of the United States and Great Britain should (not) be comparatively easy provided the peoples on both sides were perfectly frank and did not allow misunderstandings to grow up regarding what each meant.

A question closely connected was the question of the freedom of the seas which was not a German but an American phrase. The Germans adopted it to use it for their own purposes in a sense, and with an intention, to which we could never have agreed, hence its unpopularity. There was no need to anticipate any difficulty about an agreement regarding its meaning until President Wilson came to discuss it with our Government.

Must Give Up Blockade Right?

If it was a question of the freedom of the seas in times of war, Viscount Grey pointed out that the United States had co-operated in making the blockade of Germany complete and without such co-operation we might have lost the war. It was impossible that the United States should now take up the line that if we had again to deal with Germany a blockade could not be allowed. That would stultify everything done in this war. It was an insult to suggest that the United States would advocate in future any course inconsistent with the complete blockade of an offending power. Probably President Wilson's idea was that the freedom of the seas should be secured to any nation observing the convention of the League of Nations and denied to any nation breaking that covenant. If so, then a League of Nations was the solution of the whole question.

BELGIUM WILL IMPORT SUPPLIES VIA SCHELDT

Inform Dutch Government It
Cannot Object In View Of
Limburg Concession

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Brussels, December 15.—The Belgian Government has notified Holland that war material and provisions for the military workers from France and England will be brought to Belgium via the Scheldt. The Belgian Government says that Holland cannot object in view of the permission given by the Dutch to the retreating German troops to traverse Limburg.

Effort To Stabilise Prices May Save Lumber Dealers From Financial Disaster

Guild Meets To Fix Market; Panic To Burst Japanese
Timber Balloon And Assure Future Of Industry
In China, Is Prediction

An attempt to stabilise selling prices of Japanese and Oregon pine and thus save many Chinese dealers from going into bankruptcy as a result of the timber panic which broke Monday is being made by the Tweng Sung Lumber Guild, whose members include practically all merchants controlling the local market. A meeting was held yesterday afternoon and last night in the Guild rooms in the Native City but no results were made known. President Deen, who returned from the North yesterday, called the meeting in order to save many of the smaller dealers.

The Guild will thoroughly investigate the cause of the break in the market and will fix the blame, probably on three small dealers, who have been persistently selling below the market prices.

The panic means the bursting of the Japanese timber balloon and possibly the elimination of Japan as a factor in the Chinese lumber markets due to the strenuous competition of Oregon woods and the rising value of Chinese timber, the production of the latter yet being in its infancy.

Dealers conversant with the situation forecast a further drop in the selling price of Japanese pine, a rise in the value of Chinese lumber and the restoration to normal prices of Oregon pine. Oregon pine is now being sold at twenty percent below cost

and yet there are few buyers, builders believing that lower prices will prevail. Not only lumber dealers but bankers, brokers and all export firms are following the situation closely. Banks will be hit if Chinese dealers go under and the cost of packing cases and boxes interests every exporting house. Banks have tightened on credit, due to the scarcity of silver, they say; and contractors are unable to borrow from Chinese banking institutions on building contracts. This is the reason that there is little buying, as dealers demand spot cash.

For two years Japan has dominated the lumber market here. Japanese woods were used not only for making boxes but also for Chinese houses. Japanese pine has dropped thirty percent in a week and it is going down further, dealers say. The end of high prices for Japanese timber is predicted. The future of Chinese wood is assured, according to dealers, who admit that Japanese woods are of slightly better quality but insist that the Japanese cannot compete with China dealers.

During 1918 the selling price of Japanese pine logs has averaged between Taels 40 and Taels 42 per thousand feet. Yesterday they brought Taels 32.50 but dealers claim that even the great reduction in price will not allow competition.

Chinese pine in sawn planks from Foochow, Wenchow and Hangchow, suitable for box school manufacture, costs between Taels 30 and Taels 35

(Continued on Page 8)

SOLDIERS' VOTE DELAYS RESULTS IN BRITAIN

Uncertainty Of Their Sentiments
Puts Outcome Of Election
In Doubt

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 16.—Apart from the strength of the women's vote, the uncertainty of the soldiers' vote makes it impossible to forecast individual results. The soldiers in Great Britain polled in strength, returning officers received sacks of ballot papers from the camps prior to the 14th and soldiers still have a few days to vote. Hence candidates who felt quite assured of a local triumph admit that the soldiers may upset their calculations. The voting by proxy on the 14th on behalf of soldiers and sailors abroad was apparently a failure.

SEDITION CHARGE MADE AGAINST GAZETTE EDITOR

Mr. Lee Appears In British
Police Court; Case Ad-
journd For Week

A charge of sedition, in connection with a published newspaper article, was placed against Mr. Corinthe Henry Lee, editor of the Shanghai Gazette, before Mr. F. Alan Robinson in the British Police Court yesterday. By agreement of both parties the case was adjourned until December 27. Mr. Lee entering into recognisance of £100 to appear on the day set.

The charge against the editor reads: "For that he, being the responsible editor of the Shanghai Gazette, did unlawfully publish in a printed newspaper, to wit, the Shanghai Gazette, an article containing seditious matter, contrary to the China and Corea (Amendment) Order in Council, 1909, section 2, sub-sections 1 and 2."

Mr. K. E. Newman appeared for the prosecution and asked for the adjournment, to which Mr. Lee agreed, and the next hearing was set down for 10 a.m. the 27th.

It will be recalled that charges were first brought in the Mixed Court last week, Mr. Lee, being a British subject, denying the jurisdiction of that court. The charge placed in that court alleged that the article in question was insulting to the Japanese Consul-General and likely to lead to a breach of peace in the Settlement.

SERIOUS DISORDERS BREAK OUT IN DRESDEN

Mob Attempts To Loot Military
Stores And Several Are
Killed

(French Wireless)

Basle, December 17.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza). A message issued by the Wolff Bureau yesterday announces that great disorders broke out on the night of Saturday-Sunday at Dresden. A mob attempted to loot various military stores. A soldier and a civilian were killed and three soldiers and a number of civilians wounded.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, December 15.—A message from Berlin states that the Workers' Councils in Berlin have elected seven Majority Socialists, five Independent Socialists and one Intellectual as their delegates to the Imperial Conference of Soviets. The Soldiers' Councils in Berlin have elected four Majority Socialists and two Independent Socialists, and have unanimously passed a resolution protesting against the summoning of the Reichstag as treason and demanding that the president of the Reichstag shall be called to account.

Copenhagen, December 15.—Interviewed by the Berlin correspondent of the Politiken Herr Heve (?) said that the German Government has taken no decision regarding the extradition of the Kaiser. He contended that the Government is powerful and able to maintain order and therefore entitled to recognition by the Entente, while he repudiated the idea prevalent in France that Germany is still capable of taking up arms.

Copenhagen, December 15.—A new Seamen's Council has been formed at Hamburg. It demands control of the entire mercantile fleet and threatens to sink every ship unless all its demands are met.

Further rioting is reported to have occurred in Hamburg owing to the refusal of the British to negotiate with the Seamen's Council.

According to a message from Kiel it is reported that Admiral Brown has intimated that the British must be prepared for the British to occupy Heligoland unless the naval terms of the armistice are carried out.

Geneva, December 15.—Herr Ledebour has withdrawn from the German Independent Socialist party as he does not agree with the attitude of the party towards the German Cabinet.

Loading Up His Pipe For Him



—Darling in The New York Tribune

British Plane Flies From England To India Across Egypt

Major-General Salmond Arrives
At Karachi From Cairo And
Will Go On To Delhi

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Bombay, December 12.—Major-General Salmond has arrived at Karachi from Cairo by a Handley-Page aeroplane to confer with the Indian Government upon the establishment of an aerial service to India. The aeroplane employed flew from England to Egypt and thence via Cairo and Bagdad. The journey from Cairo to Karachi, a distance of 2,548 miles, occupied thirty-six hours' actual flying time.

Major-General Salmond is the General Officer commanding the Royal Air Force in the Middle East. He will continue his flight to Delhi which he is undertaking in the ordinary course of aerial duty, and no attempts will be made to break records.

Another Plane Reaches France In Flight To India

Paris, December 15.—The British aeroplane which left Ipswich for Karachi arrived at Le Bourget yesterday. The journey to Karachi will probably be made in seven stages.

France To Demobilise 1,200,000 By February

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, December 15.—The Under-Secretary for Demobilisation stated that 1,200,000 men would be sent home before February.

Siamese Delegation Sails From Yokohama

Siam's delegation to the European peace conference, consisting of 13 members, left Yokohama yesterday on a steamer for the United States, according to a Tokio telegram last night.

BERLIN TO PUBLISH SECRET DOCUMENTS

Papers Dealing With Events Up
To Invasion Of Belgium
Come Out Soon

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Copenhagen, December 15.—A message from Berlin says that Herr Haase has stated that the secret documents in the German Foreign Office have not confirmed the existence of a secret Crown Council at Potsdam. The first portion of the documents dealing with events up to the German invasion of Belgium will be published shortly.

EMPEROR LINERS BACK ON PACIFIC SERVICE

Russia And Asia, Released By
British Government, Return To
Passenger Routes In Feb.

Two big Canadian Pacific Ocean Services liners, the Empress of Russia and Empress of Asia, have been released by the British Government and will resume trans-Pacific passenger service about the end of February.

The present whereabouts of the Empresses are not known but cable advices received by the local agency yesterday state that the Russia will arrive at Hongkong January 30 and the Asia will be at Vancouver January 27. At least 30 days will be required to equip the steamers for passenger trade.

The restoration of the big ships means that, beginning late in February, a C.P.O.S. liner will leave Shanghai for Vancouver every ten days or two weeks. The Russia and Asia will leave here every fourth Saturday.

Venezuela Delayed
The Pacific Mail liner Venezuela left Yokohama Sunday for Vladivostok, one of the three ships ordered to Siberia with the Santa Cruz and one other, for the Russian Bureau of the U.S. War Trade Board. The Venezuela goes direct to Manila from Vladivostok and although due to leave here for San Francisco on January 2, it is expected that the liner will be delayed.

Nanking Here Next Week
Although the China Mail Steamship Company liner Nanking left San Francisco five days late, the ship is expected here December 26.

Ex-Emperor Karl To Run For Seat In Austrian Assembly

Abdicated Emperor To Be Can-
didate In Coming National
Election

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Copenhagen, December 15.—A message from Vienna states that the ex-Emperor Karl intends to be a candidate at the forthcoming elections of the Austrian National Assembly.

DEMOCRATIC CABINET APPOINTED IN BULGARIA

Includes Civilian Minister Of
War For First Time In
Nation's History

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Sofia, December 15.—A new Democratic Cabinet has been formed with M. Theodoroff as Premier and Minister for Foreign Affairs. It includes a civilian Minister of War, which is an important democratic innovation.

Gen. Smuts Resigns From War Cabinet

Learned Now He Was Offered
Command In Palestine Be-
fore Allenby Took It

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 16.—The Daily Express states that General Smuts has resigned from the War Cabinet because the war is ended. It adds that General Smuts was offered and declined the command in Palestine before Sir Edmund Allenby was appointed.

American Corn Yield Lowest In Five Years

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

New York, December 13.—It is officially announced that the corn yield is the smallest for five years

TRIBUTE OF FRANCE PAID TO MR. WILSON AT PARIS CITY HALL

Formally Welcomed To
Europe At Distinguished
Official Gathering

HIGHLY EULOGISED

Replies By Expressing Grati-
fication At Franco-Ameri-
can Unity Of Ideals

BRITISH COMING

Lloyd George Heads Party
To Arrive In Paris
Saturday

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, December 16.—Following is the address of President Wilson at the Hotel de Ville today:

"Your greeting has raised many emotions within me. It is with no ordinary sympathy that the people of the United States, for whom I have the privilege of speaking, have viewed the sufferings of the people of France. Many of our own people have been themselves witnesses of those sufferings. We were the more deeply moved by the wrongs of the war because we knew the manner in which they were perpetrated. I beg that you will not suppose that because a wide ocean separated us in space we were not in effect eye-witnesses of the shameful ruin that was wrought and the cruel and unnecessary sufferings that were brought upon you. These sufferings have filled our hearts with indignation. We know what they were not only, but we know what they signified, and our hearts were touched to the quick by them, our imaginations filled with the whole picture of what France and Belgium in particular had experienced; when the United States entered the war, therefore, they entered it not only because they were moved by a conviction that the purposes of the Central Empires were wrong and must be resisted by men everywhere who loved liberty and the right, but also because the illicit ambitions which they were entertaining and attempting to realise had led to practices which shocked our hearts as much as they offended our principles. Our resolution was formed because we knew how profoundly great principles of right were affected, but our hearts moved also with our resolutions.

Motives Of American People

"You have been exceedingly generous in what you have been gracious enough to say about me, generous far beyond my personal deserts. But you have interpreted with real insight the motives and resolutions of the people of the United States. Whatever influence I exercise, whatever authority I speak with, I derive from them. I know what they have desired, and when I have spoken what I know was in their minds, it has been delightful to see how the consciences and purposes of free men everywhere responded. We have merely established our right to the full fellowship of these peoples here and throughout the world who reverence the right of genuine liberty and justice.

Appreciates Community Of Thought

"You have made me feel very much at home here, not merely by the delightful warmth of your welcome, but also by the manner in which you have made me realise to the utmost the intimate community of thought and ideal which characterises your people and the great nation which I have the honor for the time to represent. Your welcome to Paris I shall always remember as one of the unique and inspiring experiences of my life, and while I feel that you are honoring the people of the United States in my person, I shall nevertheless carry away with me a very keen personal gratification in looking back upon these memorable days. Permit me to thank you from a full heart."

Head Of Council Speaks

Monsieur Odorin Mithouard, President of the Municipal Council of

Paris, addressing President Wilson, said in part:

"I have the honor, in the presence of the President of the Republic, to present to you the Municipal Council of Paris, whose interpreter I am in welcoming the chief of the great nation whose aid arriving so opportunely brought us victory, and the upright man whose conscience fashioned his policy and whose diplomacy was made of loyalty. Mr. President, it is with deep emotion that the capital welcomes today the first President of the United States who has crossed the ocean and our Hotel de Ville, cradle of French liberty, will mark in its annals the day on which it was permitted to receive the eminent statesman of the Union, the citizen of the world—date we say the great European?—whose voice, heard before the coming of victory, called to life the oppressed among the nations."

Awaiting America's Judgment

"During weary months our soldiers have fought with stoic resolution in defense of the soil of their forebears and the land of their children. So vast were the fields of battle, so great was the issue at stake, so bitter and so hard was the struggle, that only after the passage of time did it seem possible that the grandeur of their accomplishment could clearly show forth. Yet your distance from the theater of war has allowed you to see, while yet they lived, the greatness of the monument they were building. From the other side of the world you have spoken in advance of the judgment of history. What a source of strength was it for these fighters suddenly to hear your voice, in its distant authority resembling the voice of posterity, what joy to welcome those new brothers in arms hastening with ardor to claim at the critical hour their place upon the field of battle, what comfort for them to feel that they were henceforth arrayed with the glorious army of General Pershing, the victor of the Argonne."

"Thus Paris, eager to see in the flesh the man it had known only by his written word and by his image, today lives over again with poignant intensity the history of America's decision, as it was unfolded in your conscience before the eyes of the world."

Grateful For Generosity

"Profoundly moved by the magnificent generosity with which your compatriots had set themselves to relieve our sufferings, with what anxious, yet confident expectation did we follow the progress of your thoughts and of your feelings beneath the deliberately measured tone of your notes and messages we felt little the mounting of a righteous anger. What was then our dazzled admiration when there burst upon us the message of April 2, 1917, which gave to the questioning of the American conscience their supreme conclusion, and, in Poincaré's words, brought together justice and force to awake for long centuries the fate of all humanity."

"We are proud, Mr. President, to offer you welcome in the name of this capital, intellectual tradition lifts us eternally towards the truths of a new day. Our country is not alone that well-forged land for whose liberation the blood of sons of the Union is mingled with that of the sons of France, our country to us means also, and by right of heritage, justice, good sense, and honor; and because you come to us in the name of these noble things, today we dare to call you citizen of Paris."

"Take then, Mr. President, the sincere good wishes of our city, yesterday under the menace of the Berthas and the Gethas a citadel of the liberties of the world, but today open to all noble and generous ideas, and enthusiastically acclaiming in the great citizen who has the honor to receive the embodiment of a new ideal which comes to her."

Perfect Of Seine Speaks

Monsieur Moutrand, Prefect of the Seine, speaking at the Hotel de Ville, said:

"Mr. President, a day immortal beyond all is that on which, for the first time, a chief of the great American Republic crosses the threshold of our Hotel de Ville. None among your illustrious predecessors, not even those most deeply venerated for their genius and their virtues, came to see for an instant at the heart of the people of Paris. Thus in mourning the death of George Washington and Abraham Lincoln, our fathers had felt a deep regret that they could render but a posthumous homage to the great men who had been the object of their enthusiastic veneration. The joy which this visit gives us is of a rare and precious sort. After an interval of four centuries, the New World contemporaries of Christopher Columbus, those hardy pioneers, sought but to penetrate the mystery of an unexplored continent; ours have been pre-occupations more serious—to seek to know, in an hour of need, what judgment America would pronounce upon our case, to recognize the face and to understand the intimate thoughts of the man whom destiny had chosen to be the arbiter of the fate of civilization. Today we need no longer seek to imagine your features, for we see them; nor the sound of your voice, for we hear it. It is given to us to express in your presence our gratitude and our admiration."

"As the terrible drama has dragged its bloody way over land and sea, your

generous heart has beat in union with the misery suffered, and has taxed itself to find succor for unhappiness. How can we count over the innumerable benefits of American charity, so vigilant, so methodical, and so wise? Through this charity, the sufferings of our prisoners have been alleviated, and the specter of famine has been turned back from the invaded regions of Belgium and France. Not many days since we welcomed here the American Red Cross, which in all the principles of well-doing has performed prodigies, whose work has been a spectacle without precedent in its beauty and grandeur."

Thanks For American Women

"We have seen the women of America enrolled by millions in this army of human pity. The debt we owe them will not be wiped out by centuries of gratitude, and we bow respectfully before those ladies who perforce them at this moment, and who do us the true honor to share with you our hospitality."

"Yet while you have given yourself passionately to the task of assuaging the ills of war, your noblest title to glory will yet be that you stood up as the champion of the cause of justice. How many things seemed to hold you apart from the dreadful conflict. Your intellectual training as lawyer, historian, and thinker; that peaceful life of study in which, to use your own phrase, you had known no other laboratory than the world of books; the traditions of the country which had elected you to guide and direct it; the admirable farewell message of Washington, warning his successors in power against any participation in such struggles as might break out in Europe."

German Calculations Wrong

"Well might Germany believe that you would remain the prisoner of these noble formulae. But her lawless militarism, multiplying its crimes against the rights of man, was to force the nation preeminently pacifist to draw the sword from the scabbard. In redoubling the blade of his arrogant sword upon the rock of your patience, the barbarian called forth the devouring flame in which he has been irretrievably consumed. When the measure of black deeds ran full, you sounded the call to arms. And by the miracle of your burning speech, by the ascendancy of your indignant conscience and your sovereign philosophy, you drew one hundred millions of men to devote themselves, soul and body, to the triumph of liberty over tyranny of justice, over error and iniquity. Today we taste the deep joy of saluting in the person of President Wilson, the nation whose valiant arms have contributed so brilliantly to the most magnificent of victories. Paris feels herself drawn most irresistibly toward you, by the force of all her affinities and all her convictions. As a city of workers, she inclines respectfully before your life of austere labor. As a center of intellectual life, she admires in you the sage and the thinker whose works have enriched the human spirit. As a hearth of ardent patriotism, she expresses her deep gratitude to the great friend of France. As the historic bulwark of liberty and of justice, she acclaims in you the disinterested servant of these great moral ideas, the eloquent and indefatigable apostle of the rights of humanity."

Demonstration For Wilson

Greatest Paris Has Seen

Paris, December 15.—President Wilson has arrived to be the guest of France as a sentiment of respect to the chief representative and spokesman of the American people and a mark of the intense gratitude of France for the decisive part America, under the President's wise and firm guidance, has played in the

work of crushing German militarism. It is significant that the President will visit the front and the regions devastated by the enemy. There could be no better preparation for the Peace Conference than seeing the ravaged villages, demolished factories and desolate wastes and gathering information concerning the German rapine and wrongs.

The Municipal Council of Paris, amid enthusiastic cheering, yesterday conferred on President Wilson the title of citizen of Paris.

Marcel Joffre said that he was grateful for what President Wilson can still do and also for the thousands of Frenchmen who had been spared by the participation of the United States in the war.

In reply to the address and welcome delivered by M. Stephen Pichon at Brest, President Wilson said that it was a privilege to come to France to contribute to a peace enabling the whole world again to move forward in the path of progress.

His arrival this morning was the most magnificent Paris has ever seen, enormous crowds acclaiming him with indescribable enthusiasm which President Wilson smilingly acknowledged during the long run from the station to Prince Murat's house.

Lloyd George And Ministers Depart For Paris Saturday

(French Wireless)

Paris, December 17.—(Via Lyons and Kougass). A message from London states that Mr. Lloyd George will leave for Paris towards the end of the week for the purpose of meeting President Wilson and to take part in the preliminary conversations of the Peace Conference. He will be accompanied by Mr. Balfour, the Minister for Foreign Affairs.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 15.—It is expected that Mr. Lloyd George, Mr. Bonar Law, Mr. Balfour, and other ministers will go to Paris on the 21st. The Peace Conference will probably open at Versailles on January 1.

Concert Tonight

The program for the concert to be given tonight at the Chinese Y.M.C.A. beginning at 8:15, by Mr. Bogumil Sykora, cellist; Miss Katherine Campbell, pianist, and the Shanghai Glee Club follows:

Part 1.
1.—Concerto.....Saint Saens.
2.—(a) Minuet.....Saks.
(b) Melodie.....Dvorak.
(c) Minuet.....Sykora.
(d) Serenade.....Rover.
Mr. B. Sykora
3.—It was a Lover and His Lass.....Shanghai Glee Club
4.—(a) Fantasia Piece.....Schumann.
(b) Scherzo-Etude.....Moszkowski.
Miss Katherine Campbell
Part 2.
5.—(a) Elegie.....Popper.
(b) Nocturne.....Tchadikowski.
(c) Chanson Napolitaine.....Casella.
(d) Clapton Dupont.....Jeral.
Mr. B. Sykora
6.—Blow, Blow, Thou Winter Wind.....Shanghai Glee Club
7.—Spring.....Moszkowski.
(a) Chimes.....
(b) Impatience.....
(c) Love Waltz.....
Miss Katherine Campbell
8.—(a) Elegie.....Schumann.
(b) Polonaise de Concert.....Popper.
(c) Aira Bankye.....Platti.
Mr. B. Sykora

COUNCIL CONSIDERS AID FOR CHINESE HOSPITAL

States Bigger Grant-in-Aid Should Be Recommended To Ratepayers

The subject of aid for the Shanghai Road Hospital, including promise of a recommendation to the ratepayers for a substantial increase of the annual grant-in-aid, is taken up in correspondence published in the Municipal Gazette this week.

Consideration of the matter comes up through a letter to the Council written by Mr. A. R. P. White-Cooper last July, in which he alludes to the increasing difficulties of the hospital to meet expenses. A memorandum on the future of the hospital, prepared by Mr. L. J. Cui, in which are pointed out new factors calling for consideration in connection with the problem of hospital accommodations for the Chinese in the Settlement. Those of special significance being the growing feeling on the part of the Council that the public health of the Chinese community should be cared for in a similar way to their public education and, second, the advent of the Rockefeller Foundation, which has expressed willingness to assist financially established hospitals providing they are prepared to extend and improve their accommodation and efficiency.

It is pointed out that in the event of the Council embarking upon its own scheme a great many cases now sent to the Shanghai Road Hospital would go to the Municipal institution, Municipal assistance would cease and it would mean the ultimate extinction of the former. Mr. Cui suggests a scheme of greater Municipal interest, the hospital to be recognised as the Community Hospital for Chinese with a member of the International and French Municipal Councils on the committee and municipal aid commensurate with the public work performed. Also that local medical practitioners be invited to undertake treatment of patients under suitable regulations and that an available adjoining piece of property be acquired and a scheme of rebuilding be considered.

The reply of the Council agrees that every effort should be made to enable the hospital to continue its excellent work. It suggests that the hospital committee ascertain definitely what in any support may be accorded by the Rockefeller Foundation, and, while not agreeing with the necessity for acquiring more property, suggests developments for the hospital and states that in recognition of the hospital's services to the community a substantial increase of the present £15,500 grant-in-aid should be recommended to the ratepayers.

GERMANS WANT ALLIES TO HOLD GREATER AREA?

Le Matin Says They Asked More Soil Be Occupied To Preserve Order

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, December 12.—According to Le Matin, the German delegates at Trier asked not only for an extension of the armistice but for an extension of the area occupied by the Allies in order "to assist the German authorities," but the Allies refused the latter request which, it is pointed out, was intended to induce the Allies to embark on a much wider military scheme with resulting complications and difficulties.

L'Echo de Paris utters a warning against the German assertions that the Allies contemplate occupying the whole of Germany. It points out that the German Government would have much to gain from the difficulties which would result for the Allies.

Paris, December 15.—The Franco-Belgian frontier is open only to persons provided with passports.

Mikimoto Pearl Store

BEGS to announce the fresh arrival of pearl and diamond jewelry of high class craftsmanship, a complete collection, constituting a larger one than before our recent burglary, is now displayed in our Store and customers are cordially invited to inspect before the choicest are disposed of.

31 Nanking Road

20573

SKATES! SKATES!!

Just unpacked
A big shipment in all sizes for
Gents, Ladies and Children
AT
SILBERMAN'S
(Opposite the Astor House)

The Life-Giving Sparkling TANSAN

is a natural mineral water, which invigorates the system and aids the digestion.

Look for the name
WILKINSON
The Only Genuine.

GANDE, PRICE & CO.
Sole Agents

25 NANKING ROAD

Don't Keep a Padlock On Your Savings Account

What if there ARE more ways for money these days than ever before?

Don't let THAT becloud the issue, and get you away from the duty of FEEDING your BANK BALANCE.

Stick to the MAIN IDEA! Put away a little every time you CAN!

No honest fortune was ever built up without COURAGE and SACRIFICE.

Have the determination to DO WITHOUT unnecessary things.

Systematically ADD a few dollars every now and then—and after awhile you will HAVE something!

This is the royal road!

Let our Department of Savings HELP you!

THE AMERICAN-ORIENTAL BANKING CORPORATION

25 NANKING ROAD

Residences For Sale

Newly built modern houses for sale on terms to suit purchasers.

LAND FOR SALE

In all parts of Settlement suitable for MILLS, FACTORIES, RESIDENCES.

Central District Property For Sale

FOR INVESTMENT

We have for sale residential property, very attractive for investors.

Fire Insurance

Motor Car Insurance

China Realty Co., Ltd.

Nanking and Kiangse Roads

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CLAIMANTS AGAIN ABSENT AT KIANGKUAN INQUIRY

China Merchants Asks For Another Delay: Judge Says This Is Final Extension

Another hearing of the naval inquiry into the circumstances attending the sinking of the steamer Kiangkuan near Hankow last April took place yesterday at the Admiralty Court in Lunghu. The claimants, the China Merchants' Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., again failed to appear, but the Judge Advocate, Captain C. C. Hsu, announced that he had received a letter from them stating that they wished to ask for another adjournment of 15 days, when their witnesses would be able to attend. The case was adjourned.

The Chief Judge intimated that if the claimants again failed to appear at the next hearing, he would proceed with the hearing of the evidence of the witnesses from the gunboat Chutun, which rammed and sunk the ill-fated vessel, and give judgment in accordance with the weight of evidence then given and that adduced already by the four witnesses of the China Merchants' Steam Navigation Co.

Mr. G. D. Musso, counsel for the Hupeh Government, owners of the gunboat, in opposing the application for adjournment, stated that the Court had already given all possible leniency to the China Merchants' Steam Navigation Co. and submitted that the Court could not extend any more concessions without infringing upon the rights of the owners of the Chutun. This was a case of a claim of the China Merchants against the gunboat and a counterclaim by the latter. The Court would remember, he said, that there were allegations made against the gunboat that she was the wrongdoer in the collision. The Hupeh Government was anxious to have the matter thrashed out and the blame fixed on the deserving party. He submitted that he should be allowed to proceed with the case so that the Court may award such damages to its clients as they were able to prove.

The Court asked for the opinion of the Judge Advocate and Captain Hsu maintained that the case should rest there as, he said, in accordance with the Admiralty laws of Great Britain, the United States, Japan and other civilized nations, the liabilities of the owner of a merchant vessel are limited to the value of the vessel. He quoted extensively the maritime laws of various countries and contended that as the Kiangkuan was a total loss, nothing could be proved against and the counterclaim filed by the Hupeh Government could not be entertained and should be overruled by the Court.

The Judge Advocate was of the opinion, however, that the Court should compel the appearance of the China Merchants' representatives and witnesses. As Judge Advocate, he said, it was his duty to see that the case should be properly presented. In his own interest he asked that the case be postponed.

Mr. Musso, in answer to the Judge Advocate, said that he did not propose to deal with the question of law brought up, although the points of law that the Judge Advocate had mentioned had arisen from statutory law and, in his opinion, were not applicable in a country ruled only by common law. He asked for a ruling whether the case should be adjourned or he should be allowed to proceed. One way or the other, counsel submitted, the Captain and Commander of the Chutun should be allowed the privilege to prove that they were not the offender in the collision. This was a right that they had and he hoped that the Court would not deny it to them.

The Chief Judge then made his ruling. He said that he expected to get at the truth of the collision, therefore the testimony of the claimants was essential. However, if they again failed to come to Court, he would be compelled to proceed with the witnesses of the defendants. As to the question of law on the counterclaim, he would reserve his decision.

Obituary

Colonel Lord Edward Cecil
Reuter's Service
London, December 16.—The death is announced of Colonel Lord Edward Cecil, D.S.O. Financial Adviser to the Egyptian Government since 1912.

PASSPORT PHOTOS

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Tuchuns All Quit Peking But Leave Threats Behind

Sulkily Take Hint Of Allies But Hope To Get Back Into Power Later

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, December 13.—The tuchuns and the military men from the provinces have nearly all gone, but they have not left a very pleasant impression behind. They have given the impression that though they admit for the time being that their plans have failed, they hope some day to retrieve their lost fortunes. They are not pleased with the Allied Powers for the delivery of the aide-memoire, which has enormously strengthened the pacific intentions and activities of President Hsu, and has left the militarists a discredited band of disgruntled braggarts. It is quite certain that though the militarists of Japan have realised what the collapse of militarism in Europe means, and so the Japanese Government has issued what are really three anti-militarist notifications for the benefit of its own people in their loan and similar transactions in China, the Chinese militarists have not by any means fully grasped the world-wide significance of the collapse of militarism in Europe. They have no experience of foreign affairs, and their second-hand knowledge is almost as small as their experience, and not of the kind to be of any real use to them.

A very striking example of militarist sulkiness and incapacity to take long views has become public knowledge this week, and is causing some uneasiness. The day before he left for Mukden and his own province, General Chang Tso-lin, Tuchun of Fengtien and Inspector-General of the Three Eastern Provinces, gave a big dinner and theatrical entertainment at the Naval Club here. He had invited, and there were present, all the members of parliament representing the Manchurian provinces, and princes and dukes of the Ten Banners of Inner Mongolia, who have been visiting Peking much as the tuchuns have, and some other military men. There were also present General Wu Ping-hsian, Chief of the Metropolitan Police, and Marshal Chin Yun-peng, who happened to be making their farewell calls on General Chang, when the time for the dinner and entertainment came, and were persuaded to stay and join the gathering; so that though they were present they were unexpected guests and whatever happened was in spite of their presence and not because of it. As a matter of fact very little did happen but a significant speech from General Chang himself, and the lack of reserve that he thinks appropriate to such thoughts as he expressed, and his indifference to other people knowing what is in his mind, perhaps add significance to his speech.

Whilst the dinner was in progress General Chang rose and addressed his guests. He remarked that he had been in Peking a month, and had accomplished nothing. He was about to leave Peking with the gloomiest forebodings. For himself, he had merely succeeded in earning the dislike and hatred of the people, and had nothing in the way of suc-

cess to set against the feeling that had arisen against him. He was filled with shame. He then urged the members of parliament present to be loyal to the President; but that advice was very considerably offset by what he next advised, which was, that they should oppose the Government in case it failed "to give adequate protection." To whom the adequate protection was to be given becomes obvious when he goes on to say, that by acting together the Three Eastern Provinces and Inner Mongolia—he was speaking to a gathering of Manchurian representatives and Mongolian nobility—would be able to defend their own interests, and "if it should prove impossible to aid the country as a whole, their united strength was sufficient to defend their own homes." At the end of his speech he made some remarks to the effect that when he got back to Fengtien he would devote his attention to the development of industries.

General Chang's remarks may read a little vaguely, but there is a strong disposition in certain quarters to read into them a threat that unless the peace conference at Nanjing ends as he would like it to end, virtually in a general victory for the North, he will lead a movement against the Government. Possibly he and his noble Mongol friends may declare their independence of Peking. They might even go further,

and in their rashness and attempt an active movement against Peking and the northern provinces. In any case, whatever the scale on which General Chang may meditate concerted action with the Mongolian nobility, if he and they are meditating such action, the spirit which can conceive such a project, in view of the immense interests involved in the maintenance as fully intact as possible of the relations between Manchuria, with countless foreign ventures launched in it, and Mongolia, with its countless attractions for foreign exploitation, on the one hand, and the Government of China on the other is dangerous in the extreme, and the Government would be wise to deal in a drastic way with such utterances, which are vastly more disturbing than correct but unpleasant reports of improper loans, published in the vernacular press. There is some reason to believe that the Government is fully alive to the danger of a sudden outbreak of militarist rage; but it is by nipping in the bud such possibilities as are involved in General Chang's very frank utterance that an outbreak may be prevented.

Danish Torpedo-Boat Hit By Mine, 5 Killed

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Stockholm, December 15.—A Danish torpedo-boat yesterday struck a mine. Seven of the crew were killed and four wounded.



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UNDER SAIL

Under Sail. By Felix Riesenberg.
New York: The Macmillan Company.

In these days of steam vessels little literature has been produced descriptive of life afloat on long voyages around the world. The life on a steam freighter seems to be too commonplace to inspire any writer to tell his experiences or observations. We know that life on any kind of ocean-going steamship is not one round of pleasure, and in certain departments it is infernal; but all things considered, it is easier in many ways than voyaging on one of the large ships of a past period, such ships as carry large bulk freights on long voyages around the Horn or the Cape. It is not impossible that some of the recent experiences in this time of resurrection of the old sailing vessels may result in new experiences which sooner or later will become public, but at present the most of the sea literature goes back many years, and often lacks the real vigor of a plain description of actual happenings.

Twenty years ago a young man who had a varied experience, even while a youth, which included a cruise on the New York training ship St. Mary, of worthy memory, shipped on a three-master out of New York for Honolulu. The conditions in sailing ships at that time were such as to have inspired well-needed reforms which since then have improved the condition of the sailor on long voyages. This young sailor faced many hard tasks often described, but not always believed. The young sailor, Felix Riesenberg, took his medicine like a man. He endured the abuse of a mate who was a taskmaster, but a thorough sailor, and in so doing learned much that afterward became of service to him in continuing his profession as an officer on sailing and steam ships. The environment of the forecastle was such as to either make or mar a man, and in this case the young sailor became more of a man. The impressions he received were very lasting, and he had had enough to classify them and recognize their professional value, and since then has shown that they had a literary value, for he has put them into printed pages in a manner that is convincing and entertaining.

His tale is unvarnished. The pages ring with vigorous dialogue, and the descriptions are picturesque. He shows the hard life on an undermanned ship of 1,800 tons, in the long voyage around the Horn to Honolulu and back to New York. His character sketches of officers and men are excellent; his accounts of the daily routine are full of information, and any old sailor would read the pages with interest because of the atmosphere of the deep ocean, which is so faithfully presented.

If the conditions surrounding the sailor afloat and ashore have improved since 1898, when this voyage was made, the advance is one of the steps of civilization. However, the life of the deep-water sailor in the merchant service is not one of ease, and the hard surroundings breed hard men, and hard men seek environment in which they will be at home.

CHANGES IN WAR

Present Day Warfare. By Captain Jacques Rouvier. New York: Charles Scribner's Sons.

An officer and member of the French Military Mission to America here gives a condensed and business-like description of the actual conditions, advantages and limitations of the war. He first describes the changes in tactics, armament and war facilities, all of which have necessarily brought about revised methods of training and service. Perfect preparation is required more than ever before and even the minute details must have strictest attention. The changes in organization, equipment and training now necessary are described in brief and clear terms. One of the radical changes in battle conditions since the early days of the war is that a series of nests has largely superseded the trench system. Shell holes with machine-guns concealed take the place of trench lines. A shell hole with a machine-gun makes a formidable stronghold. Underground communication with these shell holes gives strong advantages. Bayonet fighting has come to be a considerable extent a thing of the past. Grenade fighting has largely superseded it.

THE ENCHANTED BARN

The Enchanted Barn. By Grace Livingston Hill. Philadelphia and London: J. B. Lippincott Company.

If any reader of this little romance should declare that "it never could have happened in real life," no attention need be paid him. For everyone whose opinion is of value knows that only in real life do so-called "fairy-tales" come true! And nothing is "too good to be true" when a girl as brave and altogether charming as Shirley Hollister, and a man as chivalrous and altogether likeable as Sidney Graham are brought together in the greatest of life's adventures. Old and fascinating stone barns, dimly shaded, and flanked by fields through which runs the blithest of little brooks may not often be found waiting for tenants, as was that which made so delightful a sanctuary for the Hollisters, forced suddenly to leave their stuffy little house in a city street. But that barns of its like do exist we are determined to believe, as well as the "sweet reasonableness" of those marvelous events which transformed the one at Glenside into what curly-haired Daisy is pleased to describe as "a nice little dear home."

The ingenious appeal of the story is irresistible, from the time when Shirley, sorely burdened with the problems of finding a home for her mother and brothers and sisters, discovers "the enchanted barn," to that when her dream of dreams comes true. Indeed one follows the development of the "enchantment" with a delight second only to that of the Hollisters and Grammys whose fortunes it so happily interweaves.

THE SHIP OF DEATH

The Ship of Death. By Edward Stillebauer. Authorized translation by M. T. H. Sadler. New York: Brentano's.

Written by a German self-exiled to Switzerland, that he might express himself freely, no arraignment of the sinking of the Lusitania could be more terrible, no retribution more righteous, no pitiless than are voiced in Dr. Stillebauer's novel. And as is the case with his former narrative of the war, the book is forbidden to be either sold or read in Germany. Like its predecessor, it is somber, unrelenting in the pursuit of the object for which it was written: the revelation of a petty and race egotism unparalleled in history.

The story is in two parts. The first deals with events leading up to the sailing of the "Ship of Death," its departure from New York; its nerve-racking voyage, although in May, 1915, few people really believed the torpedoing of an unarmed neutral passenger ship possible, even by the barbarian Germans; and at last the deed which a Government inspired and a people applauded. On board the Gigantic, as in the novel the ship of death is named, are a young English nobleman, his American wife and their little son. Lady Mabel Roade had once had among her suitors a German naval captain, one of that gallant company who received such cordial hospitality in the United States, officially and socially, yet while accepting it, were working in collusion with the German Ambassador to injure a friendly nation. And it chances that the commander of the U-boat which sent to a death of torture an unoffending ship packed with unoffending men, women and little children, a large majority of whom were of lands at peace with Germany, is this once German naval attaché, Captain Stirn. His lieutenant, the evil immortal von Wimpfen.

After the destruction of the Gigantic, while the officers and crew of the "victorious" U-boat have watched with pride, mingled at times with amusement as the struggles of the drowning were more clearly seen, something is found to be entangled in the submarine's propeller. It is the broken body of Lady Roade, whose long hair was caught and twisted into the blades. Thus Captain Stirn meets the once more the woman he loves. The experience proves too much for the nerves of even a German U-boat commander; Captain Stirn becomes insane, and is sent to the military asylum at Wilhelmshaven. With his incarceration there begins the second part of the story, visualizing the grim truth of the promise: "Vengeance is mine. I will repay."

Haunted by the spirit of the woman he loves, and his murder, Captain Stirn expiates his crime during a series of "reincarnations," in which the war methods of the barbarians are again revealed. As a Russian muck of the doomed army of the Narova, he shares the disaster at the Masurian Lakes, where, in order that flame might finish what German artillery had failed to accomplish, by taking away the last chance of escape from the Russian hordes sinking in the treacherous marshes, Mackensen had had the tree trunks rising from the swamp drenched with oil and fired. In another "reincarnation," Captain Stirn, a French curé, is taken out into the fields of the once happy little village of Serres and shot, in company with six hundred inoffensive men and boys of his parish, in punishment for the act of that young peasant girl, who shot dead the German colonel who had insulted her. In yet another "reincarnation" he is that Lieutenant von Schwarzenstein who murdered a woman "who had spent her life in doing good," himself shooting Edith Cavel, as she lay fainting at the feet of the firing squad. Later, having expiated even his crime through sufferings as great as those he had imposed on others, he makes known various visions of a "new heaven and a new earth," where all war shall have forever ceased.

The story carries not only the accusation of German cruelty and unfaith, racially as well as politically, but the accusation that for three years when America "lived in a pitiable peace, while across the ocean the Old World was bleeding itself to death," America, yes, but not those Americans, who "kept out of war" by administrative politics, really entered the war when Belgium was invaded, and served that Allied cause, then morally ours as much as it is today, in every way a humiliating and hated "neutrality" allowed. F. B.

HARBOR TALES

Harbor Tales: Down North. By Norman Duncan. Illustrated. Fleming H. Revell Company. \$1.25 (gold) net.

That Dr. Wilfred T. Grenfell whose work among the Newfoundland fishermen is said to have given Norman Duncan the model for his book, "Dr. Luke of the Labrador," writes the introduction, or, rather, "appreciation," which opens this posthumous volume. Norman Duncan, he states, remained only a few weeks in the Labrador, and only a few of us got to know him well enough to appreciate his real worth. But he on his part got to know very well, indeed, the speech and character of the fisherfolk of that wild coast, and the books in which he tells what he then learned are among his best and most successful.

The nine short stories here gathered together under the general title of

"Harbor Tales: Down North" are simple in style and plot and direct in characterization. Several of them Mr. Duncan has chosen to relate through the mouth of one Tobias Tumm, clerk of the "Quick as Wink," a schooner trading the northern outposts for salt cod, and there, of course, are written in a mild species of dialect, the rest being more conventionally told. The opening story has to do with a telegram. Now, in the Labrador a telegram is always an exceptional and thrilling thing, but this one, sent by pretty Elizabeth Luke of Sealawag Harbor to her mother, was of deep and especial interest to two men, Tommy Lark and Sandy Row, both of whom were in love with her. In order to deliver the telegram and thereby discover its contents, however, it would be necessary to cross Sealawag Run, over the drifting, heaving ice. How this feat was successfully accomplished, thanks to "Madman's Luck," forms the greater part of the narrative. The story of the sweet and pretty and innocent maid, who in the pursuit of a reluctant lover became for a few brief seconds "The Siren of Sealawag Run," is an amusing bit of comedy. "The Art of Terry Luke," which follows, tells how a man was saved and a great artist lost to the world, and then, in "The Doctor of Afternoon Arm," we have another glimpse of what it means to be a physician of the Labrador coast. The close of this latter story has a delightfully human and sympathetic touch.

"A Croesus of Gingerbread Cove" tells of a most curious bargain, a bargain made in the midst of breaking up ice, with a gale rising and death approaching swiftly. "A Madonna of Rinkie Tickle" is the story of a childless couple with a rather clever twist to it, a story told by Tobias Tumm. It is this same Tobias Tumm, clerk of the "Quick as Wink," who reads little in books, but much in the hearts of men and women, who tells the pathetic tale of "The Little Snipper of Hide-an-Seek Harbor," and the somewhat different one of "Small Sam Small," who was, as he himself declared, "a damn mean man." The concluding story in the book is the yarn of "Davy Junk of Dirty-Face Bay," who finally "went down in wreck an' left nothin' but a tale," though it certainly was a tale with a moral.

The stories are of course well told, and give a vivid picture of life as it is lived in the harbors of that hard and cruel Labrador coast. More even than the sea, it is the ice of which the reader is always conscious, the ice which proves so treacherous when men try to cross it by leaping from pan to pan, the ice that closes in, grinding to powder all that is caught within its clutches. These straightforward "Harbor Tales: Down North" are worthy of a place among their author's best work.

UNCHAINED RUSSIA

Unchained Russia. By Charles Edward Russell. New York: D. Appleton & Co.

As a member of the American mission to Russia, Mr. Russell not only had official opportunity of studying Russian problems following the Revolution in March, 1917, but as a Socialist was better equipped intellectually and emotionally to understand and sympathize with the aim and ideal of the Russian people in the exercise of their new freedom. In consequence, his very first paragraph in this book recording the experience of his visit to Russia is an indictment against the nations which had been allied with Russia in the war, for not promptly and energetically coming to the support of the new order which was in essence an economic as well as political revolt, we, with the rest of the world, insisted upon regarding it as a purely political revolution. "To the last syllable of recorded time," writes Mr. Russell, "mankind is likely to have cause to lament that in the years 1917 and 1918 the people of the United States did not understand the people of Russia and the people of Russia did not understand the people of the United States." On our part the misunderstanding was partly due to the "sheer distance from the stage and partly inattention and mental laziness."

In nine chapters dealing with "New Russia and the Tears of War," "The Real Propulsion and the Real Hope," "Two Aspects of the New Faith," "The Old Regime and Its Fruitage," "A Broken-Down Railroad and What Came of It," "The Part Played by Russian Women," "The Peasant," "The Bolshevik," and "The Influence of Manners and Morals," Mr. Russell deals with an "Unchained Russia," which he hopes and believes will return to the moorings of a stable democracy. Still the purpose of this book is not to point out or dwell upon such a contingency; for the present it serves a far more important purpose, and that is to make us understand the conditions in every way, and the phases of political, social, economic and intellectual experience, through which the Russian people have passed since the revolution came into being. Mr. Russell's book will cause us to revise many of the opinions

we have about Russia, for without it, all denying the enigma of the Russian situation he analyses so accurately the Slav temperament and depicts the events and figures through which

it has passed and expressed itself, that the American reader can grasp more clearly the significance of what has befallen the nation since tsarism came to an end.



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SOCIOLOGY STUDENTS APPLY THEIR COURSES

Shanghai College Boys Form Civics Club To Study Community Welfare

The students of the Fourth Year Academy of Shanghai College have organized themselves into a Civics Club for the study of the elements of neighborhood welfare. Begun as an experiment in social classroom methods several years ago, this organization has become a permanent part of campus life.

The club meets daily under the leadership of Professor P. H. Kulp II, of the Department of Sociology and discusses conditions of Chinese communities with regard to health, recreation, education, etc. In addition to class discussions, as to conditions and how to change them and what is found in western countries, a debate paper summing up the week's discussion and a speech by some well-known person from Shanghai are special weekly features of the program. Last week the debate was on the question: Resolved, That instead of regular compulsory exercise the students should build a swimming pool with the co-operation of the faculty.

Practical work has been undertaken by the club in order to carry out what has been discovered in club discussions. For instance, just now the club is divided into four sections. Students of these sections go out every Saturday and Sunday to certain places near the college and conduct play for the village boys and teach classes for the study of simple Chinese character. The most successful attempt so far is the class for poor boys in the Yangtze-poo Social Center. The club members are also organizing the primary school pupils in the Center into a normal class to train them to go into the community at Yangtze-poo and organize anywhere and everywhere classes for the study of character.

There are also standing committees of the club whose duty it is to report regularly: how many students take baths daily; how many child laborers are used on the campus; where the drains are bad and need repair and food inspection. Thus the club's efforts are linked up with practical experience in responsible citizenship.

RUSSIAN ARMY OFFICERS WILL BE EQUIPPED HERE

Plea From British Red Cross Head Answered By Allied Relief Workers

Complete equipment for 500 officers of the new Russian army now being formed on the Ural front will be sent to Vladivostok on the steamer Penza, sailing from here December 27. The supplies are being shipped by the Allied War Relief Association in response to a request from General Sir Herbert Powell, British Red Cross Commissioner at Vladivostok.

Each officer will receive a fur coat, two overcoats lined with sheepskin, two suits of heavy undervest, a padded waistcoat, two pairs of socks, two handkerchiefs, soap and tabloid medicines.

The articles are to be purchased here and it is expected that \$15,000, raised in Shanghai and Hongkong, will be spent for the supplies. The Governor of Hongkong has wired the local Allied Relief Association that 5,600 and Shanghai relief workers hope to raise a like amount.

French, Italian, Russian and American Red Cross societies and the British Women's Work Association are taking an active part in the making of the clothing.

At the meeting of the British Women's Work Association tomorrow afternoon, samples of the garments to be sent will be on exhibition. If Mr. Castle, head of the American Red Cross Bureau of Production in Siberia, arrives tomorrow, he will address the members. Mrs. F. Ayscough, secretary of the Allied War Relief Association, will talk on the Czech-Slovaks.

News Brevities

Because of the singing of "The Messiah" at the Union Church this afternoon, there will be no meeting of the Literary Department of the American Woman's Club today. Papers to be read today will be held over until the January meeting.

President Manuel L. Quezon of the Philippine Senate, accompanied by his private secretary, Mr. Jorge Vargas will be in Shanghai Saturday. He is a through passenger on the Shinyo Maru, en route to the United States in the interest of Philippine independence.

The American Consulate General has received telegraphic advices to the effect that import restrictions in the United States have been amended to permit the licensing of cotton, lace and lace articles, soya beans and eggs, hairnets and notions (originating in and coming from China). Another telegram advises that import restriction on animal hair is removed.

Seventy-five sacks of mail from the United States arrived at the American Post Office yesterday afternoon. Mail for America will be despatched on the T.K.K. liner Shinyo Maru, Sunday morning. Registered mail will close at four o'clock Saturday afternoon and ordinary mail will be received up to six o'clock Saturday night.

Twelve members of the crew of the Adrian Babin, a United States Shipping Board auxiliary schooner which changed ownership here, are staying at the Navy Y.M.C.A. while waiting for transportation to Port and Oregon. The owners announced a change of route, planning to send the ship to Batavia thence to Marcellus. Half the men refused the trip and the entire crew was allowed to sign off.

MANILA EDITOR DEPORTED

Mr. R. McCullough Dick, former editor of the Philippines Free Press of Manila, was deported to Hongkong after refusing to apologize to Governor-General Francis Burton Harrison for criticism of the Philippine National Guard. Mr. Dick carried his appeal against the Governor's deportation order to the United States Supreme Court and lost. On the eve of Governor Harrison's departure from Manila, he offered to cancel the sentence if an apology was written by Mr. Dick. "My hand would wither if I wrote the apology," was the retort to the Governor-General's proposal.

Senate Approves Chien For Premier

The Senate approved the appointment of Mr. Chien Nung-hsun as Premier yesterday, according to a Peking telegram last night. The vote in his favor was overwhelming. Mr. Chu Chi-chien, appointed peace delegate for the North, arrived in Peking yesterday at noon. A meeting has been called of the entire delegation. In a telegram to the Cabinet, Mr. Tang Shao-yi expressed his approval of the appointment of Mr. Chu as the Northern representative. He stated that Mr. Chu was best fitted for the post as he was an ardent advocate of administration by civil, not military officials.

American Industry Films

As entertaining a "movie" program as has been seen here in some time and one which was undoubtedly among the most instructive shown in Shanghai was the exhibition of American industrial films given under the auspices of the American Association of China at the Olympic Theater last evening.

The theater was filled with prominent members of the Chinese merchant community as well as many members of the Association and their foreign friends, and all had praise for the pictures. Among the most interesting of the films was one dealing with the manufacture of glassware in one of the big American factories. The process of making various glass articles was portrayed in comprehensive detail, some particularly fascinating parts having to do with the production of elaborate cut glassware. Other films were devoted to the making of watches—turning them out by the thousand from the huge Ingersoll plant—and the manufacture of high grade tools. Both of these pictures were interesting and the photography and make-up of all the films was good. Some good comedy films varied the program. The committee handling the exhibition is to be congratulated.

The pictures shown last evening were secured through Mr. Julian Arnold, American Commercial Attache, and the Association plans to give further similar showings in future, the next one coming probably some time after the Christmas and New Year holidays. The special committee of the Association which was in charge of the program consisted of Mr. A. S. Goldsmith, Mr. W. S. Fleming, Mr. J. S. Potter, Mr. T. C. Britten and Mr. R. B. Nichols.

MUNICIPAL STAFF CHANGES

The following changes in the Municipal Staff are reported in the Municipal Gazette, as taken from the order book for the week ending Dec. 14:

Health Department.—Japanese Interpreter T. Torigoye was permitted to terminate his service on October 31. The temporary services of Nurses A. Kitch and E. Lloyd will terminate in December 15.

The following candidates for appointments as Probationer Nurses are engaged on six months' trial from the dates specified:

Miss M. Tuller from December 14.
" M. MacDonald from Jan. 2, 1919.
" N. H. Parker from Jan. 2, 1919.
Public Works Department.—Mr. J. Dumont is appointed temporarily as Surveying Assistant, from November 19.

Inspector J. Pringle is permitted to terminate his service, under medical certificate, on December 31.

Temporary Assistant Inspector A. J. R. Hodges is transferred for duty at the Pingchao Quarry from December 11, vice-Inspector J. Weidman.

MERCHANT MARINE CHANGES

The following changes in the Merchant Marine Service took place during the week:

China Merchants' Steam Navigation Company.—Mr. K. Person appointed second officer of the Hsinchi; second officer of the Hsinchi, Mr. J. Sandle, promoted to first officer of the Hsinchi.



THE Goldsmiths and Silversmiths Company's collection of Presentation Plate in Gold, Solid Silver, and Silver Gilt, comprising Tea and Coffee Services, Dessert Services, Trays, Salvers, Table Plate, &c., is most comprehensive. The collection includes many designs reproduced from famous and rare antiques together with the best and finest examples of modern Gold and Silver ware. The Goldsmiths and Silversmiths Company's productions are of finest quality and offer the best value obtainable.

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IF You are suffering the aches and pains of Bad Legs, Blood Poison, Abscesses, Ulcers, Scrofulous and Ulcerated Sores, Glandular swellings, &c.

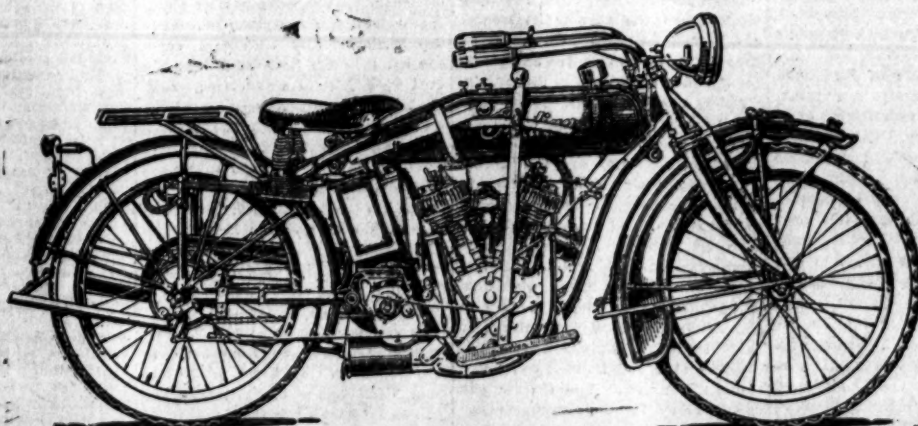
IF You have that constant itching and inflammation of Piles.
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All these are sure signs of clogging blood impurity, calling for immediate treatment through the blood, so don't waste your time and money on useless lotions and many ointments which cannot get below the surface of the skin. What you want, and what you must have to be permanently cured, is a medicine that will thoroughly free the blood of the poisonous matter which alone is the true cause of all your suffering. Clarke's Blood Mixture is just such a medicine. It is composed of ingredients which quickly attack, overcome, and expel from the blood all impurities (from whatever cause arising), and by rendering it clean and pure, can be relied on to effect a complete and lasting cure.

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Telephone Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

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IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, DECEMBER 10, 1918

Jobs For Kings

ONE of the most delightful items cabled by Reuters recently is the message from Vienna published elsewhere today to the effect that the ex-emperor Karl of Austria-Hungary intends to be a candidate at the forthcoming elections of the Austrian National Assembly. It is reminiscent of the sportsmanlike declaration on a certain occasion of King Alfonso of Spain, that if the Spaniards desired to establish a republic he would run for the presidency.

While to us the avowed intention of ex-emperor Karl may appear as a jest, it is doubtless no light matter to the erstwhile monarch. Karl has lost his job, thanks to the paternal interest of the Kaiser in the affairs of Austria-Hungary, and it is logical to assume that he must look about for a new job. The question naturally arises: What is to become of the other ex-crowned heads of Europe?

To begin with ex-King Constantine of Greece, who was the first to be given the Order of the Boot by his people, it is easy to imagine him running for the Presidency of Greece. Constantine, the Inconstant would then go down in history as an out-and-out democrat helping to revive "the glory that was Greece."

Then we have the case of the ex-Sultan of Turkey. Doubtless the successor of Abdul Hamid may be induced to relinquish the joys of the seraglio for the more serious business of piloting a Turkish Republic to the Port of Democracy.

The debonair figure of Ferdinand of Bulgaria rises before our vision as the possible repository of a Bulgarian democracy. This German princeling, who conceived grandiose dreams of conquest under the stimulus of his royal master, Wilhelm, would doubtless cut a good figure as the first President of Bulgaria, if he had the nerve to take for the office, and, by any chance were to be elected.

Last, but not least, we come to ex-Kaiser Wilhelm himself. Wilhelm II. has played many parts in his time as artist, musical composer, sculptor, dramatist, business man and war-maker. It would do him no harm to make the evening of his life dabbling in democracy. As first President of the German Republic, he would possibly be a greater success than he has been in the role he has just relinquished.

Yes, these autocrats posing as democrats would present an amiable spectacle to a sad world. But, as we understand it, they are all, one way or another, first to be tried for murder, treason and piracy.

Baby Stuff

Patience—"She's not satisfied with her new photographs at all."
Mum—"I don't know why not, they make her look younger than she really is."
"I know that; but she expected to have them look even younger than she says she is."

Allies' War Aims Lauded In Austria

(New York Times)

Copies of recent issues of the Vienna Arbeiter-Zeitung received in New York and London show that this militant organ of the German Austrian Social Democracy continues to tell its readers many unpleasant truths regarding the military and political situation, despite the "strafing" to which it is subjected. Several months ago the Arbeiter-Zeitung was excluded from general circulation in Germany because of its caustic criticisms of Prussian militarism and Pan-Germanism; nearly every number put out contains several blank columns caused by the blue pencil of the Austrian censor, and only in its issue of August 20 was the Socialist paper able to announce that, as the result of vigorous protests by the Socialist Reichsrat Deputies, the Austrian military authorities had agreed to readmit the Arbeiter-Zeitung to the army mails, from which it had been excluded for some time.

A typical article of the kind which makes the Arbeiter-Zeitung so unpopular among the ruling classes of the Teuton countries was entitled, "The California Farmer and the European War," and read, in part, as follows:

"Is a farmer from California ready to go to Flanders, to suffer and to die in Flanders, merely in order that England may win Mesopotamia, that France may win Syria, and that Italy may win Dalmatia? Oh dear, no! What moves the farmer from California, the workmen and peasants of the Entente countries, to bear the monstrous sacrifices of war is something far different. The people of the Entente countries believe—whether rightly or wrongly is immaterial—that it would be a crime to end the war unless the settlement offers the guarantee that never again will such a calamity overwhelm mankind. They believe that this guarantee will be secured only when all the peoples of the world are united in a League of Nations that will never allow any State again to draw the sword and that will settle every dispute between nations by the judgment of a tribunal. They believe that everlasting peace will be guaranteed only when no nation is any longer subject against its will to any State, and when all frontier differences are settled in such a way that the inhabitants of the disputed territories decide for themselves to which State they shall belong. This is the aim for which the nations on the other side believe that they are fighting; the hope in which they fight is that this war will be the last of all wars."

Would 'show' The Entente Peoples "For the Central Powers, therefore, there is only one way of attaining the peace that they need: they must show the world, so unequivocally, so clearly and so intelligently that even the California farmer will understand, that this aim can also be achieved without an Entente victory on the battlefield; without the destruction of the military forces of the Central Powers; that permanent peace need not be wrested by arms from the Central Powers, but that it can be secured in common with them. If the California farmer once realizes this fact then no Wilson can prolong the war; when once the spinners of Lancashire, the dock workers on the Clyde, the miners of Wales, perceive this, then no Lloyd George can prolong the war for the sake of Bagdad or Jerusalem."

"Herr von Hintze and Count Buri, of course, think first and foremost of Lloyd George, Wilson, and Clemenceau. They are not accustomed to their own country to trouble themselves overmuch about the peasants, and why should they take an interest in the peasants across the ocean? And yet, if they only knew it, not Wilson, not Lloyd George, not Clemenceau decide in the last resort how long the war shall last, but American farmers, English industrial workers, and French peasants. When once the fact has been grasped, other methods and aims than heretofore will be chosen. We shall not imagine that we bring peace nearer by setting up new Kings in Finland and Courland, in Lithuania and in Poland; by so doing we shall merely offend the democratic sense of the nations in the West; we shall merely make it easier for the imperialists of the Entente to confirm their peoples in the belief that, not peace and understanding, but might and domination, are our aim; above all, we shall create facts that when once they become accomplished will stand in the way of any peaceful agreement with our adversary."

In elaborating the statement that President Wilson and General Ludendorff represent two utterly incompatible worlds and explaining why democratic nations cannot make peace by agreement with present-day Germany the Arbeiter-Zeitung, in its issue of August 18, begins by assuming that at the beginning of the world war the Entente's talk about fighting for democracy was only camouflage for imperialistic aims, but that now the democratic ideal is the real inspiration of the Allies, so that, for instance, "Lloyd George can conclude peace without giving England new colonies, but he would be a lost man if he had to conclude peace without giving his people that permanent security for the freedom, peace, and prosperity of all the nations for which alone it has accepted such endless sacrifices." Then, turning to conditions in Germany, the Vienna paper says: "Once upon a time the ideas of democracy which in the West have proved so mighty in this war were also the ideas of the German bourgeoisie. This was the world of ideas of Lessing and Schiller, Kant and Fichte, the world of 1813 and 1848. But the fight for Germany's unity and freedom which was conducted in this spirit ended in miserable defeat and the leadership of Germany fell into the hands of the Prussian monarchy, the Prussian Junkerdom, and the Prussian army. It is to the monarchy, the Junkerdom, and the army that the German bourgeoisie owes the establishment of the new empire, which was followed by so tremendous a development of German economic strength, German wealth, and German power. That is the experience which has shaped the way of thinking of the German bourgeoisie, the German peasants, and even large parts of the German proletariat. Consequently the majority of the German people has lost its faith in the ideas of its fathers, its faith in the ideas of democracy, which collapsed so pitifully in 1848. Intellectually as well as actually the majority of the German people has fallen under the domination of Junkerdom."

Attacks German Militarism "What in the West possesses the strength of a national creed is for the majority of the German people a prejudice belonging to the distant past. Guns alone are power, and the conquering power of the idea is the chatter of fools. Only in war does a people become great, eternal peace is a dream. A powerful people must be guided only by its own interests; morally which protests against violence is the weapon only of the weak and the sick. That is the faith of the leading classes of the German people. And that is why the idea for which the masses in America, France, and England find enthusiasm in this war seems to the German people to be nothing but cunning and repulsive hypocrisy."

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"From the beginning of the war the democratic philosophy of the Entente has won friends in all neutral countries, while the philosophy of national selfishness, which the German universities have reached as the highest form of wisdom, has repelled all neutrals. There are many reasons for the fact that one neutral country after another—and above all America—the mightiest of all the neutral countries—has gone over into the camp of our enemies; but one of the reasons, and not the least effective, is assuredly that the democratic philosophy drew the American masses to the Entente and mobilized them against us. We have seen how the idea wins adherents and takes effect. We have seen how it becomes a force when it takes hold of the masses. We are gradually learning that there are other sources of power than guns, and that the sense of justice and the impulse of the masses toward freedom, the love and the hate of the nations, determine the distribution of power in the world. Recognition of these facts contains the only possibility of peace for us."

In commenting upon the "peace" speech delivered on August 20 in Berlin by Dr. Wilhelm Solf, German Minister for the Colonies, the Arbeiter-Zeitung remarked: "How much further forward we might be now if the German statesmen had in February and in March, after the great success of the Central Powers in the East and before the beginning of the great German offensive in the West, spoken as they do today! At that time the Entente was in lower spirits, and peaceful words would have been better received in enemy countries than they are now. But then, unfortunately, the language was different; then, unfortunately, it was declared that no feeble peace was desired in the West any more than in the East. Herr Solf says that the imperialistic tendencies which desire war until victory have now been strengthened afresh in the Entente countries, as always after a success. That is true. But why did not the Germans talk in February and in March as they talk now?"

English Humor?

By John Corbin

An impulse to stigmatize a new comedy as "English" in its humor was lately checked by remembering Old Walrus Bill, down at the Greenwich Village Theater. "The Better 'Ole," which Captains Bainsfather and Elliot have made out of the now celebrated cartoons, is, to be sure, heavy-handed enough at times. Its wartime plot is as wildly impossible as if fabricated, not by two warriors bold and tried, but in some young ladies' seminar; songs and music echo the long familiar, even when they do not unblushingly appropriate it for note, and the chorus has all the variety and finish in technique of college theatricals. Yet wave after wave of laughter surged through the audience irresistibly. No musical play of the season has roused such powerful, spontaneous delight. Strangest of all, a candid review of first night impressions revealed that the very crudities of the thing had a delight all their own. I, for one, certainly responded to the popular lilt of the music, adored the chorus even while I laughed at it, and thrilled with joy when Old Bill frustrated the Huns and won the Victoria Cross. Surely, there must be unfathomed power in humor that is "English."

What is English humor? We all recognize that there is such a thing. I think, though few have troubled to analyze its distinctive quality. By some strange fatality we never mention it except when it displeases us. And what else has the power to displease us so deeply? "A difference in the sense of humor," said George Eliot, "is a great strain upon the affections." Perhaps the strongest factor in keeping alive the historic family row of 1776 and 1812 is Punch—Punch and a certain class of English comedy imported from time to time by unwary managers. Not even the thought of the hated Bedcoat, villain in the national melodrama of our school history, has the power to incense our maturer minds which lies in a Punch joke with the point jabbed home by italics. Yet there are good jokes in Punch—yes, as surely Old Walrus Bill delights us. Is it not a duty of loyalty to our ally to gain a clearer sense of what is best in his humor? Much more trivial things are helping to win the war. It may even prove a granite cornerstone in the edifice of the brotherly League of Nations!

Witness the cartoon of a Prussian family "doing its morning hate against England," perhaps the most famous of the war. Every member in the group about the breakfast table and a different expression of rage and malice, down to the dachshund. It was such an intense lot and so futile. Above all it was spiritual so deadly—like the last requiem of chert on the mantle. At first sight many Americans did not think it funny at all. I doubt if it ever could have made its way into life. Yet I have not found any one who let the thing sink into his consciousness who did not end by chuckling inwardly, and treasuring it in his memory of rarest delights. For the whole German-English situation was there in all its basic seriousness, yet touched out in every detail by a flame of lambent mockery.

A casual glance over a file of war Punches will reveal many a cartoon which, while there is absolutely no joke in our sense of the word, limns character and situation with equal profundity and humor. Here is a wounded soldier sitting on a bench in Hampstead Heath, all alone except for little girls playing about the fountain. One of his legs is gone, and the remaining foot swathed in a poultice. One arm is in a sling, and his head and one eye are heavily bandaged. His face expresses a truly tragic despair. The legend is: "I don't know anything as 'as brought the war 'ome to me like some 'Amsted 'Eath so deserted on Bank Holiday." Does that make a joke? Hardly. Yet it states a character, a situation of almost epic proportions. Yes, there is a heart in all of us to which the war has brought a desolation, an emptiness, beyond any mere physical deprivation. The thought of that worst of a Tommy, grieving only for the old friends of Bank Holiday, has no doubt raised new courage in the hearts of thousands, as only the humor of character can. Here is a satire strident, less kindly, but no less penetratingly human, upon the trade unionist in war. A Tommy is squatting safely in a shell hole, holding a Prussian helmet between his knees. His officer leans over the brink above and cries: "What the devil are you doing there? Didn't you hear me say we were out against four to one?" The trade unionist answers: "Ay, As heard you, but we've killed my fow'r!" The humor of Punch, in a word, may not be strong in verbal quips and satirical turns of phrase, but it opens up many a fresh vista of essential character.

Not all English comedy has this peculiar quality. Mr. Howells once remarked that the so-called renaissance of the English drama was the work of two Irishmen, Wilde and Shaw; a Scotchman, Barrie; a Welshman, Henry Arthur Jones; and a Jew, Pinero. All few wrote with a touch that is current internationally. Yet much of Shakespeare's comedy is typically English. The

humor of Dogberry and Bottom, his two ripest low-comedy characters, lies in their intense though inarticulate humanity—quite like the best humor of Punch and the Bainsfather cartoons. Falstaff is a master of the verbal thrust and parry, but our delight in him springs not so much from what he says as from what he inevitably is—from sheer character. Dickens is absolutely "English" in his humor. George Meredith, though his comedy is the highest of the high, living in a world of social subtleties and intellectual distinction, is at least of all a wit. He also is a humorist of blindly groping yet insistent character.

The delight of "The Better 'Ole" is that of sheer character seen with a fresh eye and expressed in its own vernacular. More than any other play of the war it brings the absolute atmosphere of the trenches. Old Bill stands forth, as vivid and substantial a creation as Bottom or even Falstaff.

Correspondence

Siberian Comforts Fund

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS
Dear Sir:—The Committee of the Siberian Comforts Fund think that the subscribers to the Fund will be interested to know how the funds entrusted to them are being expended and I shall be much obliged if you will kindly find space for this letter in your journal.

In addition to subscriptions, which now amount to Ts. 1,955.92 and \$3,649.44, the Committee have received many gifts of clothing, etc. Of these the garments in good condition have been sent to the Secretary of the Patriotic League in Vladivostok for distribution among the refugees and the rest have been forwarded to the American Red Cross. Other gifts include soap, writing paper, cards, games, cigarettes, tobacco, etc., which have all been packed and forwarded to the Patriotic League.

For the "Suffolk Rooms" we bought new rattan furniture, which through the good offices of the Russian Consul General traveled free, and we have undertaken the maintenance of the rooms for a period of six months. We have also been asked to provide funds for the extension of these rooms and are now awaiting particulars of cost. At the request of the Patriotic League we have contributed ten thousand roubles towards the cost of a Christmas entertainment to our soldiers and sailors in Vladivostok.

At the suggestion of Major Robertson we have provided a complete Christmas dinner for some seventy-five British officers in Vladivostok and the wherewithal in the shape of wines, cigars, etc., to entertain their Allied friends. We have also sent the officers Christmas presents such as wrist watches, fountain pens, thermos flasks, etc. Fifty tins of choice tea were presented by a friend to the officers, who will also receive woollen scarves, fur lined waistcoats, and socks.

The Committee have thought it well to husband their funds as far as possible until it is known definitely what calls will be made upon them during the coming winter.

A statement of receipt and expenditure up to date prepared by the Hon. Treasurer is appended.

Yours faithfully,
CONSTANCE FRASER,
President.

Siberian Comforts Fund,
H. B. M. Consulate General,
Shanghai.

December 18th, 1918.
Hon. Treasurer's Statement of Receipt and Expenditure to December 15, 1918.

Receipts	By Contributions	8,649.44
Expenditure	To Rattan furniture for "Suffolk Room"	64.50
	To 30 Footballs for British Troops (X)	180.00
	Cost of "Xmas entertainment to British Soldiers and Sailors in Vladivostok. (Roubles 10,000)	36.69
	Upkeep of "Suffolk Room" for six months	949.74
	To "Xmas Presents to British Officers in Vladivostok"	670.85
	Cost of "Xmas Entertainment of British and Allied Officers in Vladivostok"	1,221.04
	Sundries (Telegrams, Stationery, etc.)	67.70
		\$3,180.52

Balance in Hand 15/12/18	5,488.92
Balance in Hand 15/12/18	217.79
(X) Paid for by Mesopotamia Comforts Fund	
H. H. FOX, Hon. Treasurer, Siberian Comforts Fund.	

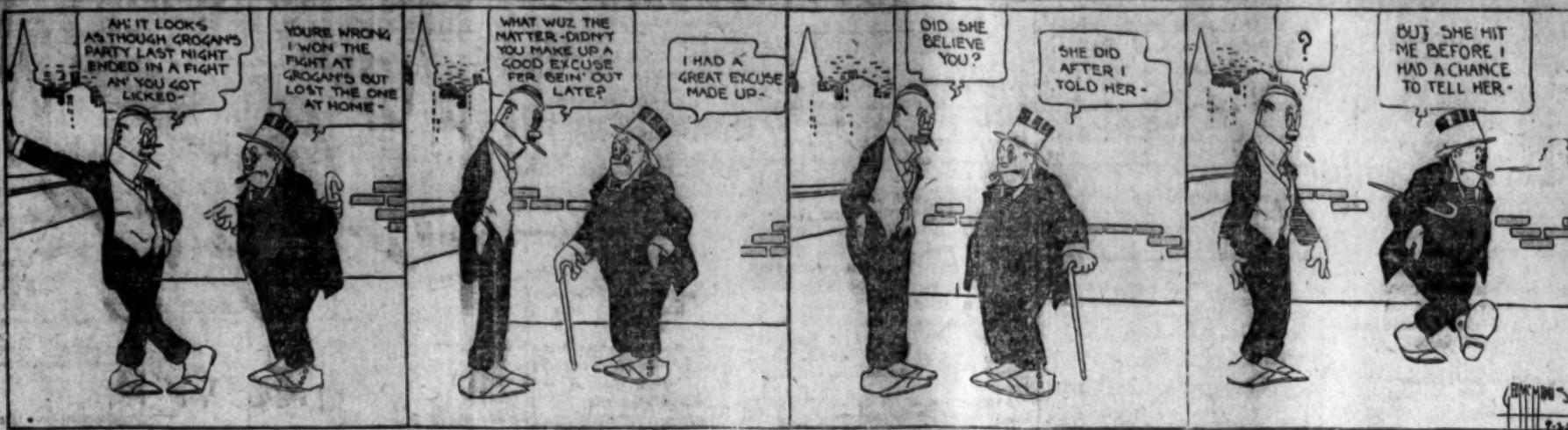
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Two Ancient Phrases

Some Reflections on 'Cakes And Ale' And 'Beer And Skittles'

With wheedling, sugariness, and gasconade days in vogue and beerless days approaching we seem to be on the verge of an era of no more "cakes and ale," sinking into a condition devoid of "beer and skittles." The two ancient and familiar phrases have long been classic figures of speech representing the material joys of human life as expressed in appetite and time-killing devices of recreation.

"Skittles" stands for a thousand diversions. Cakes, ale, and beer stand for themselves, but in the association given them by the poets they may also have a symbolic application limited only by the imagination. We may consider, however, that the poet Calverly had a literal basis for his association of ideas when he wrote: "Life is with such all beer and skittles." Mr. Middelwick in H. J. Byron's comedy, "Our Boys," however, made no reference to beer when he remarked: "He's up to these grand games, but one of these days I'll lure him on to skittles and astonish him!"

So we are led to believe that beer is, or was, not an invariable accompaniment of skittles, and in that particular skittles may be much like pretels, which, according to "the claims of manufacturers, are widely used as a substitute for candy."

Some identification is necessary, however, before we take a definite attitude toward skittles. What are skittles? What is a skittle? Our reliable friend, the dictionary, tells us that a skittle is a skittle-pin, and that skittles is a game of nine-pins, which is played on a skittle alley. It is not difficult to understand how beer might come in as a concomitant of an evening in a skittle alley. Probably in the habitation of skittles this association of beverage and diversion is prevalent.

But what kind of cakes were the approved associate of ale in Shakespeare's time? The allusion is common enough in circles that are fond of a literary flavor, but apparently no other poet, philosopher, or ob-

server of contemporaneous custom ever noted this conjunction of cakes and ale. At least, no other reference has been considered of sufficient importance to be included in a book of quotations. It was Sir Toby Belch who asked: "Dost thou think, because thou art virtuous there shall be no more cakes and ale?"

Of course, under the combined pressure of reform movements and economic stress much may occur in the way of upsetting existing traditions and customs. The disappearance of ale and beer is imminent. "Skittles," as reflected in Sunday motoring and the privileges of country club houses in the winter, and a dozen minor particulars that might come to mind, have been considerably curtailed. Cakes we still have with us, but the quality is not what it used to be.

For all patriotic and self-respecting people a great slackening of self-indulgence is the accepted rule. There are very few for whom life continues to be "all beer and skittles." Nevertheless, the crisis will pass some day, and so much of the world as is so inclined and has the means to gratify the inclination will do a great degree resume its skittling. Nor need the reformers think that because of their virtue and the present conditions there shall be no more cakes and ale.

A literal interpretation need not be placed upon this forecast. It would be folly to predict the precise turn that may be taken by public sentiment and the general customs that will be enforced thereby ten, twenty or fifty years hence. So far as any of us know, the day of ale and beer, on present alcoholic standards, may be passing forever. There are, however, substitutes, and others may yet be evolved, that will satisfy the insatiable craving of humanity. We become accustomed to substitutes in various lines, the progress in substitution being particularly rapid in these days, and it not infrequently happens that in time the substitute is preferred to the original commodity.

The point is that however sweeping the changes that may be impending, the tendency of human nature in some particulars is unalterable. The phrases used by Shakespeare and Calverly are figures of speech that signify ineradicable human impulses. The world cannot be rendered permanently serious by whatever shock wave it passes through. The time will come when the various social strata will again give an abundant attention to "beer and skittles."

Reformers there are likely to be who, having driven ale and beer into obscurity, will turn their attention to spoiling the cakes for the rest of the world and getting a Government ban placed on skittles. But the best they can do will be to drive society to substitutes. The normal impulses will somehow find room for expression. In the near future, possibly, the two classic allusions may have a significance altogether obsolete, but the tendencies they denote will remain the same, and only the descriptive words will have to be changed. Very likely it will be necessary only to paraphrase the remark of Sir Toby Belch in gently reproving the New Reformer: "Dost thou think, because thou art virtuous, there shall be no more muffins and tea?"—P. H. Young in Providence Journal.



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Look Pleasant, Please

"The American boys are camped near us, and they are a fine lot of chaps. We get on tip-top with them. There are a lot of them attached to the New Zealanders, and you would think they were brought up together, the New Zealanders and the Sammites, they get on so well together. And take it from me, Sam, they are the dinkum suit, too. Of course, they are new to this game of war and especially trench warfare, but wait until they get experience, the same as the rest of us, and they will do me."

This tribute from a New Zealander at the front, contained in a letter to an English friend, disproves the adage that islanders never hear good of themselves. Of course, we have the friend's permission to listen and to reproduce one of the finest little compliments the A.B.F. has had to date.

It is so obviously sincere, genuine, heartfelt and enthusiastic that just this once, we are willing to forgive the writer for calling us Sammites.—store and stripes.

GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP

(From The Houston Post)

The ordinary tramp steamer of before-the-war days was worth something like \$200,000. By the end of 1915 such a ship had trebled in value. By the end of 1916 that vessel would have sold for \$500,000. With the beginning of heavy construction of ships by the Allied nations, values began to decrease in this country and England. One reason of this is the restrictions placed on the shipping of the two countries which prevent their entering the most profitable trade. Today that same vessel would sell for \$300,000.

Chairman Hurley of the United States Shipping Board says that the United States will have \$5,000,000,000 worth of ships by the end of 1920; and he says further that we shall have to operate those vessels—ships they will not be allowed to lie idle.

And he says: "Our ships will be operated as extensions of our railroads, which will no longer terminate at our sea-board, but be linked to American ships by modern port facilities."

Chairman Hurley's words point to the continued ownership of American shipping by the Government, and—as well—to the continued control of the railroads by the Government. And, from his standpoint, that is perhaps the logical outcome of the matter. The United States is building these ships at a high cost. It is scarcely to be expected that a less price will be accepted for them at the end of the war; and surely, as he says, it will be necessary for them to be kept in operation.

So the shipping problem is still further complicated by the question of Government ownership.

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last precious pair of clean drawers. Who should have them? The desirable drawers changed hands several times in the course of the argument. Those watching from a distance saw a good many impassioned gestures. They heard we do not regret to say, some profanity.

Finally, the major emerged victorious. The private got the drawers.—Store and Stripes.

Siccawei Weather Report

17.—Misty or foggy and rainy weather on the coast. A new depression crosses Kiangsu; the barometers are rising in the North.
18.—Gloomy, misty weather with Easterly squalls during the whole night and morning.

Wednesday, December 18, 1918.

WEATHER 4 A.M. 9 A.M.

Bar. at Centg., mm...	763.60	766.14
Bar. at Centg., inches...	29.47	30.16
Variation for mm 12h	11.33	13.57
Wind—Direction	WNW	NE
Wind—Kilom per hour	25	15
Wind—Miles	15.5	9.3
Temperature—Cen	9.6	10.1
Temperature—Fah	49.3	50.2
Humidity co:	99	99
Nebulosity 5-10	10	10
Rainfall mm	1.2	0.3
Rainfall inches	0.05	0.01

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CONTY-Y-CASTRO NAMED PRESIDENT OF PORTUGAL

Former Minister Of Marine
Officially Elected By Both
Chambers

(French Wireless)

Paris, December 17.—(via Lyons and Koukasa). A message from Lisbon states that Admiral Conto-y-Castro, who was formerly Minister of Marine, has been elected President of the Republic by 137 votes out of 235, which is the total of the two Chambers meeting in Congress.

PAES' ASSASSIN LYNCHED

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Lisbon, December 15.—President Paes was assassinated at midnight yesterday while going to the railway station on his way to Oporto. Three revolver bullets hit the President, who died in an ambulance at the station. The crowd lynched the assassin.

London, December 15.—The deep regrets of His Majesty on hearing the news of the assassination of President Paes have been conveyed to the Portuguese Legation.

The Legation announces that a Provisional Government has been formed under the President of Admiral Castro, the Minister of Marine and Foreign Affairs.

Parliament will meet on the 16th.

Hope To Stabilise

Price Of Lumber

(Continued from Page 1)

per thousand feet board measure. To compete with this price, Japanese logs must sell at Tael 21 or Tael 22 because in sawing up logs to planks, there is an average loss in waste of 25 percent. This means that 1,000 feet board measure of logs produces but 650 feet of sawn plank.

At Tael 21 or Tael 22 per thousand feet, board measure, Japanese logs would be favored for its somewhat better grade of wood, though the ultimate cost, including a saving charge of five dollars, would be about Tael 27 per thousand feet.

Meanwhile Chinese timber and Oregon pine comes steadily into Shanghai. Mills at Poochow, built by dealer who refused to pay high prices for Japanese logs, will show an output of 50,000,000 feet of sawn plank for 1918. Of this amount 20,000,000 feet will have been produced by the China Import and Export Lumber Company mill.

By the first of February Oregon pine will invade this market normally for the first time since 1914. Stocks on hand and in ships already en route total 20,000,000 feet.

Exploitation of Chinese timber is sure to result from the panic. Local dealers have purchased forests in the interior and claim that the woods will be adaptable to all building purposes. Logs up to 16 feet in length are available and offer a big future for this country as soon as waterways are developed and a regular supply of logs is made possible.

Ricsha Mission Asks Funds And Clothing

The annual appeal for funds for the Shanghai Mission to ricsha men is sounded in the report issued by the honorary director, secretary and treasurer. The Mission begins the sixth year of its work next month.

The resources of the Mission are always taxed to the utmost with a floating ricsha coolie population, estimated at 200,000. In need of help at one time or another.

During the year 2,571 baskets of hot rice were supplied, 370 suits of clothing distributed, 356 men sent to hospitals and 240 destitute convalescents helped until able to work.

With the winter coming on, the need of clothing for distribution to the coolies is desperate. Money contributions should be sent to the honorary treasurer, Mr. J. C. Clark, 120 Szechuen Road.

Peking Political Notes From Chinese Press

Mr. Liu Chung-chi, of the Chinese peace mission, telegraphed that he was returning to Peking to report on the negotiations between the Tokio Government and Mr. Lu Cheng-hsian on the question of the return of Kiaochow by Japan to China. Mr. Liu will proceed to Europe after his report.

According to a telegram of Tschun Li Hou-chi of Fukien, fighting has resumed in his province in spite of the desire of the Southern leader, General Chen Chung-ming, for peace. The instigators were Generals Hsu Chung-chi and Wu Chung-hsin. Elaborate plans had been formulated for the campaign against the government troops, said the message.

The split of the military government in Canton was described by Mr. Han Ping-li, the government agent in Hongkong who has recently returned to Peking. He stated that Mr. Hsu Chien, the Southern Minister of Justice, was opposed to peace and had severed relations with the two leading Generals, Tsen Chun-hsian and Lu Yung-tung, while apparently associating themselves with the Kwangtung faction, had really been working for the interest of Kwangsi. General Chen Chung-ming on the other hand had entirely severed connections with the military government and was moving independently.

In view of the chaotic situation in Siberia, the Bureau of Mongolian and Tibetan Affairs has formulated plans for the preservation of the sovereignty of Outer Mongolia. General Chen Yi, the Resident Commissioner of Urumqi, has been instructed to negotiate with the Living Buddha and report to the Cabinet.

On account of the non-settlement of the questions relating to Fukien and Shensi, the Canton Government refuses to appoint any peace delegation. Mr. Tang Shao-yi has proposed the reorganization of the military government and a change of name to the Constitutionalist Government.

The Senate proposes to name Mr. Li Shen-to to succeed Mr. Liang Shih-yi as its speaker. A large number of members of the An Fu Club have left Peking for Shanghai to use their influence at the coming peace conference.

Mr. Tsen Teh-kwang, the son of General Tsen Chun-hsian, is leaving for Europe together with Dr. Wu Chao-chu.

Upon the receipt of the official news of the assassination of President Paes the Central Government sent a message of condolence to the Portuguese Government.

The Senate of the Extraordinary Session of Parliament in Canton is publishing an official gazette, recording all the communications of the Military Government with the Northern and the Southern authorities and the proceedings of the meetings of the Senate.

Sing Messiah Today At The Union Church

Large Chorus To Be Heard In
Handel's Work This
Evening

The "Messiah," parts 1 and 2, will be sung beginning at 5:45 p.m. today at the Union Church, four of the most able local soloists and a chorus and orchestra of 75 participating in the rendition of Handel's great work.

The soloists will be Mrs. W. J. Henman, Mrs. G. P. Ashley, Mr. A. J. Carson and Mr. W. J. Haynes. Mr. R. C. Young will conduct the singing and Miss Macleod is leader of the orchestra. Mr. J. Waddell will be at the organ.

The seating accommodation of the church is somewhat limited and those wishing to hear the music are advised to be on hand in good time. During the program a collection will be made in aid of the Blindfold Soldiers' and Sailors' Fund.

U.S. WILL PAY BRITAIN FOR MENTRANSPORTED

To Give \$10 For Every Soldier
Carried Overseas, Says
Admiral Badger

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, December 13.—Addressing the Naval Committee of the House of Representatives, Admiral Badger, of the General Board of Navy, urged the granting of appropriations sufficient to make the American navy in 1925 as large as any other. He declared that if America had fought the present war alone her lack of ships would have proved fatal. He said that America would pay Great Britain \$10 for every American soldier transported overseas in British ships.

Financial Session Opened In Algiers

(French Wireless)

Algiers, December 17.—(via Lyons and Koukasa). An extraordinary session of the financial delegations has just been opened. The cause of this is the demand for new credits necessitated by the application to Algeria of the Decree of November 18 last, which assigns new allowances to meet the increased cost of living to the various State employees and to the staff of the railways generally.

The Governor-General, after making an eloquent reference to the heroism of our soldiers, and the genius of their leaders, as well as to the importance and glory of our victories, explained the number and importance of the problems arising from the war, which required the earnest and cordial co-operation of all men of ability and competence.

THE NERVES AND INDIGESTION

Some Notes And A Suggestion

A great number of people are at the present time suffering from nervous indigestion. The cause is often easily traced to worry, overwork, lack of exercise, some nervous rest, or a general run-down condition of the system. Among school children overstudy or badly ventilated rooms will start the trouble. It is a disease of the nerves rather than of the digestive organs and it should be corrected by building up the blood and so giving needed nourishment to the nervous system.

For this building-up process Dr. Williams' pink pills have proved most effective in numerous instances, as they are known to purify and enrich the blood. With this tonic treatment by Dr. Williams' pink pills there should be combined proper rest, some recreation and abstinence from stimulants. As the nerves receive more nourishment through the blood which is being enriched so the symptoms of nervous dyspepsia become less distressing, and after a steady course of the pills health is restored. In cases where there is loss of weight, and pallor indicating weakness of the blood Dr. Williams' pink pills are especially suitable.

Start to build up your own health and strength now, for any dealer can supply you with Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people, and they are also obtainable, post free, one bottle for \$1.50, six for \$5.00, from the China office of the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 26 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.



More Bank Claims To Be Heard Today

Five Cases Against Enemy
Debtors Come Up In
Mixed Court

Claims against five more German firms and individuals, brought by the Bureau of Liquidation of the Deutsche-Asiatische Bank, will come up for hearing in the Mixed Court this morning.

The claims to be heard and the amounts involved are those placed against the Austrian Lloyd, for Tls. 3,623.69 and interest; the Hamburg Amerika Line, Tls. 71,027.37 and interest; the Deutsch Ing. Bureau of China, Tls. 7,206.19 and interest; H. Diederichsen & Co., Tls. 298,192.25 and interest; and K. Michalis, Tls. 23,996.14 and interest. Defenses have been filed by the last two named.

Another batch of cases will be heard tomorrow by Assessor Tenney and Magistrate Wong, including the following claims: A. Giesel, Tls. 5,669.40; T. Schumann, Tls. 2,075.

Ts. P. Decard, Tls. 1,214.36; J. Bechmann, Tls. 299.76; G. Lehnung, Tls. 1,953.17; R. Reutter, Tls. 244.58; C. Pink, \$651.82; R. Wendt, Tls. 314.70; Hans Dalldorf, \$992.56; L. Boyken, Tls. 439.54; K. Hickle, Tls. 2,000; M. P. Benger, Tls. 2,164.77; F. Kulps, \$997.41, and Otto Reimers & Co. Tls. 24,570.43.

CLEMENCEAU AND FOCH TO REPRESENT FRANCE?

Their Names Included In Fore-
cast Of Make-Up Of Peace
Delegation

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Paris, December 15.—M. Marcel Hutin forecasts that the French plenipotentiaries to the Peace Conference will be M. Clemenceau, M. Pichon, Marshal Foch, M. Leon, M. Bourgeois, who is a specialist regarding the League of Nations, and also M. Tardieu, the Commissioner for Franco-American Relations.

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL "Holiday Festivities"

The Management wish to announce that the following festivities will be held at this Hotel during the Holidays. Guests are requested to make their reservations promptly.

Saturday, December 21st, 1918

Special Dinner and Dance commencing at 8.00 p.m.
at \$2.50 per cover

Christmas Eve, Tuesday, Dec. 24th, 1918

Fancy Dress Ball and Dinner commencing at 8.00 p.m.
at \$3.00 per cover
(No masks permitted)

Saturday, Dec. 28th, 1918

Special Dinner and Dance commencing at 8.00 p.m.
at \$2.50 per cover

New Year's Eve, Tuesday, Dec. 31st, 1918

Grand Carnival Ball commencing at 10.00 p.m.
AUGMENTED ORCHESTRA

Suppers a la carte

Usual Tea Dansants Tuesdays and Fridays



ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL

For reservations please apply to The Supt. of Service, or Hotel office. Phone, North 998.

Assurance Franco-Asiatique FIRE AND MARINE

5 Avenue Edouard VII

I. BEUDIN and M. SPEELMAN,

General Manager.

SCIENTIFIC EYE TESTING



Refracting and Manufacturing
TORIC LENSES
Accurate lens grinding. Sun
Glasses and Goggles.

THE NATIONAL OPTICAL CO.
69 Nanking Rd.—Tel. Cent. 1243
(Two doors above Honan Rd.)

GREAT BARGAINS

Fine 'Xmas Gifts
for Ladies

THE CATHAY LACE COMPANY

19 Nanking Road

20411

龍飛

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar
and Motor Co., Ltd.
(Established 1881)

SOLE AGENTS FOR:

Automobiles Berliet, Lyon, Berliet Cars
The Studebaker Corporation of America, Studebaker Cars
F. B. Stearns Co., Cleveland, O. Stearns-Knight Cars
Scripps-Booth Corporation, Detroit, Scripps-Booth Cars
Fabbria Italian Automobili Torino, Fiat Cars

Receives regular monthly shipments of the above-mentioned cars, with the exception of Berliet and Fiat cars which cannot be shipped during the duration of the War.

ALSO SOLE AGENTS FOR

The Prest-O-Lite Co., Indianapolis, Storage batteries
Stewart-Warner Speedometer Corp. Chicago, Stewart produce

Large stocks of all kinds of motor accessories and supplies

龍飛

All kinds of Automobile repairs undertaken

Owners of the largest and best equipped
COACH-BUILDING WORKS
in the Far East
which designs and constructs all types of bodies, from commercial vans to luxurious pleasure cars. Estimates prepared free of charge

TELEPHONES:
General Office No. West 1248. Garage Nos. West 1202, and West 1213

龍飛

Try
Dai Nippon Brewery's
NEW TSINGTAO BEER

TSINGTAO BEER

ALL

ALL

**BRITISH
R.O.M. TYRES**

AS SUPPLIED TO
H. M. WAR OFFICE

Sole Agents For China
THE SHANGHAI GARAGE CO.
SHANGHAI

IN STOCK

Business and Official
Notices

(Second Section)
THE CHINA PRESS
報 陸 大

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must
be prepaid

Replies must be
called for

SHANGHAI, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1918

WHANGPOO CONSERVANCY BOARD

NOTIFICATION NO. 84

TENDERS FOR VARIOUS MATERIALS.

Tenders are hereby invited for the supply of STEEL, TIMBER, CEMENT, STONE, GRAVEL and SAND for six months from 1st January to 30th June, 1919, to be delivered as per instructions.

Particulars of requirements and delivery and list of materials required can be obtained at the Office of the Whangpoo Conservancy Board, 6 Kichiang Road.

Tenders, marked "Materials" and addressed to the Whangpoo Conservancy Board, must be sent in before noon, December 30th, 1918.

The Board do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserve the right to place separate contracts for any article with any one of the tenderers.

H. VON HEIDENSTAM,
Engineer-in-Chief.
Shanghai, 19th December, 1918.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that Mr. S. E. Lucas was appointed Co-Liquidator of the Deutsch-Asiatische Bank on November 25th, 1918, and that all communications concerning the Liquidation should be addressed to the undersigned.

Bureau of Liquidation of the
Deutsch-Asiatische Bank,
Shanghai.

S. E. LUCAS,
SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Liquidators.

FOR RENT

SUITE OF OFFICES

In New Modern Building
Steam Heat. Centrally Located.
Phone 1315.

Furniture For Sale

Bachelor, going home, wishes to sell out complete suite of bedroom furniture, including large roll-top desk and revolving chair. Practically new. If agreeable, room (which is suitable for married couple), situated in Northern district, may be taken over. For further particulars, apply to Box 414, THE CHINA PRESS.

APOLOGY

I hereby withdraw all the statements in my letters to Mr. Wen Tsung-yao, to the Cantonese Guild and to the Kwangtung Club, on or about the 4th of August, 1918, concerning Mr. Wen Tsung-yao, and I beg to tender my sincere apologies to Mr. Wen.

L. KAMSUI.

NOTICE

The management of New Point Hotel has transferred their business to Crest Hotel, No. 6 Siccawei Road. Telephone West 937.

FOR SALE

A New Auxiliary Schooner

Length between P. & P. 45 ft.
Beam Over all 12 ft. 6 in.
Moulded Depth 6 ft.
With perfectly new Buffalo Engine of 28 H.P. Reply to Box 413, THE CHINA PRESS.

Amusement Advertising
will be found on
Page 14

Shanghai Race Club

NOTICE

Members desiring stabling accommodation under annual lease for 1919 are requested to apply before 4 p.m. on Saturday, 28th December, 1918.

Application forms are obtainable at the Grand Stand, or on application to the undersigned.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.
20581

NOTICE

Union Brauerei A. G. in Liquidation

By order of Court dated 29th November, 1918, the undersigned has been appointed Liquidator of the above-mentioned concern.

Persons having claims against the said concern are hereby requested to send particulars on or before 14th January, 1919, to the undersigned's address No. 17, Museum Road.

Shareholders holding bearer shares in the above-mentioned concern are likewise requested to file particulars of the shares held by them before 29th December, 1918.

FRITHJOF HOEHNEKE,
Liquidator, Union Brauerei A.G.
20408

BOGUMIL SYKORA

MISS CATHERINE CAMPBELL
SHANGHAI GLEE CLUB

Two Concerts,
Y.M.C.A. Auditorium
120 Szechuen Road

Thursday evening, December 19th,
8:15 o'clock.

Saturday afternoon, December 21st,
3:00 o'clock.

Admission: Adults \$1.00; Students
and Children 50 cents.

SHANGHAI RACE CLUB

NOTICE

NEW YEAR RACES,
1st and 2nd JANUARY, 1919.

With the exception of The GRIFFINS NEW YEAR CUP, all other races are open only to ponies that have been officially measured either by the Shanghai Race Club or International Recreation Club, and that have started.

Members of the Shanghai Race and International Recreation Clubs are reminded that Entries for the New Year Races will close at the Grand Stand at 6 p.m. on Friday, 27th instant. Entry forms are obtainable at both Clubs and give conditions of Races, etc.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.
20550

GUINNESS STOUT

Foster's Bottling "Bugle Brand"

Pints and Spills

RON BACARDI

Have you tried a Ron Bacardi
Cocktail?

FINEST JAMAICA RUM

GARNER, QUELCH & CO.

CENTRAL 2021

Yut Sae Chang & Co.

Wholesale Hardware Merchants
Building Contractors
Engineers' Supplies.

At 284 BROADWAY, SHANGHAI

Ball-Bearing Skates, Basket Balls,
Stove Polish, Door Springs and
Vacuum Bottles.

17997

For Sale

Aqua Ammonia Fortis B.P.
Acetic Acid Glaciale B.P.
Liver of Sulphur.
THE CHEMICAL TRADING
COMPANY,
Y2061 North Szechuen Road.

20244

Social Charity Fund

Contributors to the above fund are hereby notified that the Third Annual General Meeting will take place at No. 29 North Szechuen Road, on Thursday, the 19th December, 1918, at 6 p.m.

C. M. BASTO SILVA,
Trustee.

S. YUNN CHENG, Coal Merchant

NOTICE

The public are hereby warned against dishonorable invitations to trade from dismissed employees who use our name to deceive our respected customers. We have no branch stores anywhere.

D. C. VAN,
Manager.

12 Dixwell Road, Shanghai.
Telephone: North 2624.

The Cathay Trust Ltd.
(in liquidation)

HOLDERS OF ORDINARY shares are hereby notified that a Fifth dividend of Taels 0.50 per share has been declared and will be payable at the offices of the Liquidators No. 10 Canton Road, Shanghai, between the hours of 10 a.m. and noon on and after the 23rd day of December, 1918, against production of the Liquidators' Certificates for endorsement.

F. N. MATTHEWS,
Liquidator.

Lyceum Theatre

Saturday, 21st December

LAST POPULAR CONCERT

by

THE MOSCOW TRIO

Booking at Moutrie's

Direction: A. STROK

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

WALL CALENDARS

1919 Refills.

Messrs. W. Z. Zee & Sons have now distributed the 1919 Refills to the holders of their Wall Calendars. Those of their patrons who have not yet received one, are hereby requested to make early application for same.

Underwood's
\$120

We have just received a shipment of Model 4 machines which we are able to offer at the attractive price of \$120.

These machines are of the highest grade, re-built by the New York factory and are sold to you fully guaranteed for a period of one year.

It is economy combined with satisfaction to buy these machines.

Phone Central 4778 **THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.** Phone Central 4778
4 Canton Road, Shanghai

Agents for the Wholesale Typewriter Co. and the Rebuilt Typewriter Syndicate, New York.

The Presto-Lite Battery

offers the most for the money—
more power to operate your
starter and lights—more service to insure
your complete satisfaction in its use.

Service Station And Sole Agents for China

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

MASON & CO.

CONFECTIONERS

No. 90 BUBBLING WELL ROAD, (OPPOSITE RACE COURSE)
Fancy Cakes and Candies of French Style in All Descriptions
Telephone Central 3829

RAILWAY HOTEL, SOOCHOW

A first-class Tourist and Residential Hotel in Soochow

The proprietor assures everyone that no effort will be spared to ensure the comfort and satisfaction of visitors. Airy, large comfortable rooms, fitted with electric lights, fans and stoves, with bathroom and veranda attached.

COAL

Our prices for December have been reduced:—

Best House Coal No. 1	per ton	\$26
" " " " " 2	" "	24
" " " " " 3	" "	22
" Kitchen " " " 1	" "	23
" " " " " 2	" "	21
Hongay Anthracite, " " 1	" "	33
" " " " " 2	" "	31
Honan " " " 1	" "	29
" " " " " 2	" "	28

Weight, Quality and Prompt
Delivery Guaranteed.

Phone, Central 3255.

Order books on application.
THE EASTERN SYNDICATE
128a Szechuen Road.

19927

Business and Official Notices
are Continued on
Page 14

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE
14-15 Quinsan Gardens

Comfortable rooms front and back,
(with bathrooms and verandah), to
let. Good table.
Telephone North 483.

CONNAUGHT HOUSE

8 Quinsan Gardens
To let with board large and
small well furnished rooms, every
convenience, accommodation for
table boarders. Good cuisine.
Apply Mrs. G. Pollock.

TO LET

167 Bubbling Well Road
A large comfortable bedroom,
with bathroom attached; suitable
for married couple or two friends.
Use of tennis, garage, stable and
telephone.

TO LET, a furnished room with
balcony overlooking the Bund, with-
out board. Apply to Box 417,
THE CHINA PRESS.

TO LET, unfurnished flat of two
large rooms, verandah, bathroom,
kitchen. Also large attic room,
with bathroom. Apply to Box 406,
THE CHINA PRESS.

TO LET, January 1st, four-
roomed bungalow, partly or wholly
furnished, in best part of Settlement.
Apply to Box 408, THE CHINA
PRESS.

TO LET, with full board, one
large comfortably furnished bed-
room, with bathroom attached.
Apply Mrs. Benn, 212 Szechuen Road.
Telephone 2321.

CENTRAL DISTRICT, to let
from 1st January, comfortable, fur-
nished flat, four rooms, with oppor-
tunity to take over present lease for
one year or longer together with
furniture. Apply to Box 372, THE
CHINA PRESS.

SITUATIONS WANTED

POSITION WANTED as general
office assistant. Salary no object.
Apply to Box 416, THE CHINA
PRESS.

YOUNG Englishman, possessing
good knowledge of office and sales
work, seeks position. Willing to
travel to, or be stationed in, any part
of China or her dependencies.
Speaks Mandarin fluently and has
had selling experience in far interior.
Moderate salary with prospects re-
quired. Apply to Box 419, THE
CHINA PRESS.

STENO-TYPIST is open for en-
gagement after office hours. Terms
moderate. Apply to Box 383, THE
CHINA PRESS.

GARAGE accountant (Chinese)
seeks evening engagement. Latest
methods. Apply to Box 412, THE
CHINA PRESS.

OFFICE or like occupation during
the morning hours wanted by well-
educated lady. Apply to Box 409,
THE CHINA PRESS.

AMERICAN at present disengaged,
seeks position; steady, reliable,
can give references; over 20 years
in last position. Knowledge of
China products, bookkeeping and
accounts, and understands ships
and shipping. Can act as sales-
man. Willing to start on ordinary
salary. Apply to Box 385, THE
CHINA PRESS.

POSITION WANTED by a
Korean; is a good cook, many
years in America. Apply to Box
382, THE CHINA PRESS.

HOUSES TO LET

WANTED, party to take over
lease on very comfortable houses,
recently completed, with modern
sanitary arrangements; located
near the French Park. Also furni-
ture and fixtures newly made and
not in use three months. Owner
leaving city. Apply to Box 389,
THE CHINA PRESS.

TO LET, 8 Tsong Chow Road,
adjoining Burlington Hotel, six-
roomed residence, modern bath, rent
Taels 60. Open for inspection.
For further particulars, apply to J.
T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

TO LET, one large unfurnished
room for residence or office; steam
heat, private modern bath, hard-
wood floor. Apply 51 Szechuen
Road.

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED, houseboat (4 bunks)
in first-class condition (with small
motor-boat, if possible), from Dec-
ember 23rd to 31st. Phone Central
4793.

CHRISTMAS orders for Free-
man's Pork and Game pies, English
and American sausages, Turkey
dressing. December 22nd. 2 Route
Say Zoong.

EDUCATIONAL

EUROPEAN LADY desires to
give lesson in millinery work, and
also has to sell a large assortment of
latest hat designs. Mrs. Doytsoff,
18 Range Road.

TRANSLATIONS

English and Chinese translations
of agreements, letters, legal docu-
ments, advertisements, articles and
commercial documents and litera-
ture undertaken by translator
experienced in consulate, syndicate,
journalistic, commercial and official
translation work. Accuracy ensur-
ed and confidence respected. Please
apply care of Chang Nieh-tun, 1
Museum Road or P. D. 159, Hai-
ning Road opposite West End
Lane.

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, Harley-Davidson,
Model 1917-twin, motor-cycle with
side-car. Complete with horn,
speedometer, and head and tail
lights. Apply to Box 420, THE
CHINA PRESS.

FOR SALE, Hupmobile, 1918 "R"
Model, touring car, seating five.
In perfect condition, doing 20 miles per
gallon; with usual spares. Has been
driven exclusively by the owner and
has made 1,000 miles. For particu-
lars, please apply to The Shanghai
Horse Bazaar and Motor Co., Ltd.,
Motor Garage, Phones West 1213
and 1202.

FOR SALE, a lot of 30,000 colour-
ed brandy capsules. For particu-
lars, apply to Mr. F. W. Rubant,
Tsinanfu.

FOR SALE, a few hand and
treadle sewing machines, of Singer
make, at reasonable price. Please
apply to Liengyi Mercantile Co., Y-
15a North Szechuen Road.

FOR SALE: Hagger's steel wire
rope: one coil 3 1/2" 240 fathoms,
2,760 lbs., ex stock. For further
particulars, please write the Eastern
Syndicate, 128a Szechuen Road.

FOR SALE: Wolframite (Tung-
sten Ore), good quality, 14 tons
spot delivery. Can be supplied from
time to time. Apply to Box 388,
THE CHINA PRESS.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

A black and white photograph of a group of soldiers in a field. In the foreground, several soldiers are crouching or kneeling, some holding rifles. In the background, a large, dark, rectangular structure, possibly a tent or a vehicle, is visible. The soldiers are wearing uniforms and hats. The image is framed by a thick black border.

French War Funds

and Pearson write as follows:

Exchange.—The London and New York maximum prices for silver remain at 45½d. and G.1.01½ respectively. Our local rate for T.T. on London after remaining at 5s. 12, throughout the week yesterday went to 5s. 11½d., last week's closing price. The rise was due to a certain amount of export paper offering, more on account of drawings for freight than any new export business, which we understand is very dull. At the close our exchange market appears decidedly for early, January T.T. is quoted 5s. 10½d. from 1st to 15th and 5s. 6d. for the second half of the month, February at about 4s. 10½d. The market for the month shows little disposition to sell unless cover is forthcoming. There is very little business doing on either side of the book.

Our local stock of silver and bar silver reported Tia. 20,176,000 is Tia. 2,000 lower than last week. We understand that Tia. 2,000,000 silver will arrive shortly. The stock of Mexican and Chinese dollars reported \$12,870,000 is slightly lower than last week.

For San Francisco	
Siberia Maru	Nov. 17
China	Nov. 24
Tenyo Maru	Nov. 26
Colombia	Dec. 2
Tamaha	Dec. 9
For Seattle	
Suwa Maru	Nov. 29
For Tacoma	
Andes Maru	Nov. 9
Justin	Nov. 16
Grayson	Nov. 26
Africa Maru	Dec. 1
For Vancouver	
Stanley Dollar	Nov. 14
Harold Dollar	Nov. 17
Madras	Dec. 1
For London, etc.	
Shidzuka Maru	Nov. 11
Aki Maru	Nov. 22
For Liverpool	
Stentor	Dec. 11
Kaga Maru	Dec. 11
For Marseilles:	
Shinkoku Maru	Nov. 26
Tsukuba Maru	Dec. 11
Yokushima Maru	Dec. 14
For Bombay	
Helja	Dec. 1
Dunera	Dec. 1
For Calcutta	
Nizam	Dec. 1
For Saigon	
C. of Portland	Dec. 1
For Java Ports	
Tjikini	Dec. 1
Tjilmanok	Dec. 1

Messrs. Spunt and Co. write as follows in their report for week ending December 18:

Chinese Cotton.—While there has been comparatively very little business contracted during the week under review prices continued to run at the same level as prevailed during the previous period but with more of less a strengthening tendency.

The general sentiment in the trade is that the market may experience during a short period before the Chinese New Year holidays, a revival of inflated rates and while there is a possibility of rates it cannot but be a short lived event considering the near approach of the Chinese festivities. Tone of the market, steady.

Liverpool:

Egyptian Cotton, F. G. F.
Sakelardie 27.56d.
Price of Fine M. C. Bengal 15.25d.
Price of Good Middling... 21.40d.
Price of Good Middling last reported 22.06d.
Tone of market, steady.

New York Market:

Price of Mid-American, 26.80d.
March 25.77d.
Market, steady.

Indian Market:

Broach New CropRs. 585
Market, steady.

Shanghai, December 18, 1918.

Money And Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate.

 @ 5/11 = Tia 3.80

 @ exch. 72.7 = Mex. 15.37

Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate.

 @ 122 = Tia 61.97

 @ 73.7 = Mex. 1512.75

Mex. Dollars: Market Rate: 73.4375

5/16 Gold Bars: 978 touch Tia 280

Copper Cash per tael 1250

Native Interest Tia 14.75

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver 45 1/2

Bank Rate of Discount 5%

Ex. Paris on London Fr. 35.93

Ex. N. Y. on London T.T. G. 44 1/2

London	T.T.	5/11
London	Demand	5/11
India	T.T.	3414
Paris	T.T.	686
Paris	Demand	689
New York	T.T.	123
New York	Demand	1231
Hongkong	T.T.	66
Japan	T.T.	434
Batavia	T.T.	2393
Singapore	T.T.	464

Banks Paying Rates			
London	Demand	5/21
London	4 m/s. Docs.	5/4
London	4 m/s. Cds.	5/41
London	6 m/s. Docs.	5/43
London	6 m/s. Docs.	5/44
Paris	4 m/s.	697
New York	e/d Docy.	1233
New York	4 m/s. Docy.	1261

Today's Bank Buying Rate			
For Roubles			
Nominal			
Roubles 1,175	=	Tls. 100
Roubles 100	=	Max. \$11.75

Customs House Exchange Rates For			
Dollars			
Frk. Tls. 3.93	@ 5/11		
"	1 @ 1.80		Mex. \$1.50
"	1 @ .63		Franks 7.35
"	0.74 @ 12 1/2		Gold 1
"	1 @ .45 1/2		Yen 2.80
"	1 @ 15		Rupia 4.75
"	1 @ —		Roubles

Co., Ltd.

Parents should take advantage of the present high rate of exchange to provide for the future education of their children.

Write to us for particulars of our Special Policies, at

10 Canton Road,
Shanghai.

PRIVATE HOTEL
73, 74 and 75 Bubbling Well Road
Seven minutes from Bund by tram
Strictly first-class cuisine under the
personal supervision of the proprie-
tress. Separate baths, hot and cold
water, electric light. Tel. W. 1271

Telephone No. 98

The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native risk at Current Rates.

FRAZAR & Co.

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

Nanking To Shanghai North—Down

[illegible]

ZAIKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS		Local	Fast	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Ex-press	Local	Local
Shanghai North	dep.	...	7.35	9.00	10.00	...	14.50	15.50	...
Jensfield	...	...	7.51	9.16	10.23	...	15.06	16.06	...
Sacrew	...	...	7.58	9.23	10.28	...	15.13	16.13	...
Lungshu Junction	dep.	...	8.15	9.40	10.53	...	15.30	16.29	...
Shanghai South	dep.	...	7.45	9.10	10.20	...	13.25	16.00	16.75
Lungshu Junction	...	...	7.15	9.40	10.53	...	13.52	16.30	16.29
Smoking	dep.	...	8.59	10.48	12.02	...	16.07	17.42	...
Kashih	...	...	9.51	11.52	13.28	...	16.53	18.49	...
Kashih	...	...	7.40	10.25	12.30	14.35	...	17.22	19.20
Yehku	dep.	...	8.45	11.06	13.15	15.50	...	17.52	...
Changku	dep.	...	8.45	11.41	14.00	16.50	...	18.24	...
Hingchow	dep.	...	11.10	12.50	15.25	17.30	...	19.19	...
Zakku	arr.	...	11.55	13.10	15.50	19.00	...	19.36	...

STATIONS		Local	Local	Fast	Slow	Local	Coolie & Goods	Ex-press	Local
Zakku	dep.	...	...	6.30	7.55	...	9.20	14.10	15.30
Hingchow	...	...	...	7.00	8.30	...	10.00	14.35	16.00
Changku	...	...	...	8.04	9.48	...	11.40	15.30	17.30
Yehku	dep.	...	...	8.41	10.31	...	12.59	15.51	18.40
Kashih	...	...	...	7.15	9.28	11.22	...	14.10	16.30
Kashih	dep.	...	...	7.48	9.53	11.55	...	14.42	16.52
Sengku	dep.	...	...	9.06	10.47	12.59	...	16.08	17.40
Lungshu Junction	dep.	...	...	8.15	10.30	12.38	14.30	15.33	17.23
Lungshu Junction	arr.	...	...	8.30	10.55	11.55	14.25	15.50	17.40
Lungshu Junction	...	...	...	10.30	11.35	14.05	...	17.18	18.20
Sacrew	...	...	...	10.39	11.44	14.14	...	17.28	18.29
Jensfield	...	...	...	10.46	11.51	14.21	...	17.37	18.38
Shanghai North	arr.	...	...	11.00	12.05	14.35	...	17.55	18.50

KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE.

Konzenchiao	dep.	6.50	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18.35	Zahkou	dep.	—	10.10	12.25	14.50	17.20	19.15
Kenshangmun	dep.	7.10	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	18.60	Hangchow	dep.	7.30	10.40	12.45	14.55	17.60	19.15
Hangchow	dep.	7.20	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.30	19.00	Kenshangmun	dep.	7.42	10.57	12.57	15.12	18.07	19.27
Zahkou	arr.	—	4.20	12.10	14.00	16.55	19.00	Konzenchiao	arr.	7.55	11.10	13.10	15.25	18.20	19.40

R. Restaurant Car.

[illegible]

Section	Date From	Name	Rating	Tons	Guns	Maz	Commander
WTW		Snipe	Dr. g-b.				
M.M.B.	Oct. 10	Villalobos	Am. g-b.				
W.T.W.		Nightingale	Br. g-b.				
P&OBI	Oct. 18	Sal. Caboto	R. g-b.				
		Khang	Chi. g-b.				
		Lichoon	Chi. g-b.				
		Tsoutai	Chi. cr.				
		Kansten	Chi. g-b.				
		Lienkden	Chi. g-b.				
		Houpong	Chi. g-b.				
BNB	Nov. 8	Kinaba	Jap. g-b.				
	Nov. 15	Chienan	Chi. g-b.				
	Nov. 11	Fukong	Chi. g-b.				
SP		Sumida	Jap. g-b.				

Date	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Sept. 18	Japan	Matsu Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Oct. 1	Japan	Meiho Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Oct. 22	Japan	Sasaka	Am.	Chl.
Oct. 26		Shanghai	Chn.	M. & Co.
Oct. 31	Japan	Hikoikeima Maru	Jap.	Sunaki
Nov. 2	Singapore	Tosara Maru	Jap.	Chl.
Nov. 11		Kienhsin	Chl.	W. & Co.
Nov. 13	Cruise	Chuenliao	Chl.	Custom
Nov. 20		Shingping	Chl.	Chl.
Nov. 23	Japan	Nisaho Maru	Jap.	F. & Co.
Nov. 26		Elvirer Stolt	Am.	Soqony.
Nov. 26		Meichuen	Br.	Am.
Nov. 27		Geraldine	Br.	Adrian
Nov. 28		Edwin Badin	Fr.	Fr.
Nov. 28		Pechneye	Fr.	Fr.
Dec. 1		J. Norocosa	Br.	Br.
Dec. 4	San Francisco	Jordan Hill	Br.	D. & Co.
Dec. 4	Japan	Bessie Dollar	Br.	B. D. & Co.
Dec. 7		Kanju Maru	Jap.	M. B. Co.
Dec. 7		Amber Steward	Chl.	Customs
Dec. 9	Cruise	Lidkn	Chl.	Customs
Dec. 12	Seattle, Ports	Katia	Am.	M. & Co.
Dec. 13	Ningpo	Meinan	Am.	S. O. Co.
Dec. 14	Cruise	Rose Nordkatz	Dut.	H. C. T. Co.
Dec. 15	Japan	Fukuyei Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Dec. 15	Hankow	Hanping	Chl.	H. Y. P.
Dec. 15	Yangtze	Fas	Am.	H-G-T. Co.
Dec. 15	Cruise	Pacific	Am.	H-G-T. Co.
Dec. 16	Hankow	Chungking	Br.	H. & S.
Dec. 16	Hankow	Nanyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Dec. 16	Hongkong	Sunning	Br.	H. & S.
Dec. 16		J.B.A. Kessler	Dut.	A.P. Co.
Dec. 16		Shinfuku Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Dec. 16		Shibsumaru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Dec. 17	Hankow	Kiangyung	Chl.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec. 17	Hongkong	Taishun	Chl.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec. 17	Hankow	Tsangtsh	Chl.	I. & R. L.
Dec. 17	Hankow	Faile Maru	Br.	N. K. K.
Dec. 17	Hankow	Misaki Maru	Jap.	Jap.
Dec. 17	Yangtze	Daikokuten Maru	Jap.	S. Shokai
Dec. 17	Japan	Sakurajima Maru	Jap.	S.S.

TOMORROW

The tender conveying passengers on board the S.M.R. s/s Kobe Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 11 a.m.

Sunday, December 22, 1918.

The tender conveying passengers

Tuesday, December 24, 1918.

The tender conveying passengers board the S.M.R. s/s Sukuki Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 2 p.m.

Friday, December 27, 1918.

The tender conveying passengers mails on board the R.V.F. s/s Perle will leave the Customs Jetty at 4 p.m.

TOMORROW

The tender conveying passengers on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 11 a.m. Sunday, December 22, 1918.

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £1,500,000
 Reserve Fund 3,000,000
 Reserve Liability of Shareholders 1,500,000

Head Office:
 25 BROADWAY, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
 Sir Montagu Cornish, Chairman.
 Sir Duncan Carmichael.
 T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
 Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
 W. H. Neville Gochen, Esq.
 The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
 W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.

Branches:
 Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.
 The Bank of England.
 The London City & Midland Bank Limited.

The London County and Westminster Bank Limited.

The National Provincial Bank of England Limited.

The National Bank of Scotland Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amoy Ipoh Puket
 Bangkok Ipoh Rangoon
 Batavia Ipoh Rangoon
 Bombay Kanchi Seremban
 Calcutta Kanchi Seremban
 Canton Kanchi Seremban
 Cebu Kanchi Seremban
 Colombo Kanchi Seremban
 Delhi Medan (F. M. S.)
 Haiphong New York Tientsin
 Hankow Peking Yokohama
 Hongkong Penang Tientsin
 Yokohama

Shanghai Branch, 15 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

A. I. D. STEWART, Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital Frs. 48,000,000.00
 Reserve Frs. 50,000,000.00

Head Office: Paris.

Branches: Hanoi, Saigon, Batavia, Hongkong, Shanghai, Canton, Mengtze, Singapore, Djibouti, Noumea, Tientsin, Douchi, Peking, Tourane, Haiphong, Papeete, Yokohama, Pnom-Penh.

Bankers:

In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.

In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN, Manager.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital France 45,000,000 one-third " " Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthelot.

General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE: 74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.

Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunnan.

BANKERS:

In France: Societe Generale pour Favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

In London: London County Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.

London City & Midland Bank Ltd.

In New York: Redmont & Co.

In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana.

Credit Italiano.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and Fixed Deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LEON, Manager.

1 French Bund, Shanghai.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital £15,000,000

Reserve Funds: Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2s. 11,000,000

Silver 19,500,000

..... \$34,500,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors £15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG

Court of Directors:

Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak Chairman.

G. T. M. Edkins Esq., Deputy Chairman.

A. H. Compton Esq.

Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.

C. S. Gubbay Esq.

Hon. Mr. D. Landale.

E. V. D. Parr Esq.

W. L. Pattenden Esq.

J. A. Plummer Esq.

Chief Manager, Hongkong-N. J. Stram.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy Ipoh Penang

Bangkok Johore Rangoon

Batavia Kobe Saigon

Bombay Kuala-Lumpur S. Francisco

Calcutta London Shanghai

Canton Lyons Singapore

Colombo Malacca Sourabaya

Poochow Manila Tientsin

Hankow Nagasaki Tientsin

Hartford New York Vladivostok

Hongkong Peking Yokohama

London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.

Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN, Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

Capital (fully-paid) 55,000,000

Reserve Fund 26,800,000

Kug. Tls.

Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government 3,500,000

Reserve Fund 1,750,000

Head Office: PETERSBURG.

Paris Office: 9, Rue Boudreau.

London Office: 64 Old Broad St. E. C. 2.

Bankers:

London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.

Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

Milan: Credito Italiano.

PAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay Hallay Nicolayewsk

Chanchun Hankow O/Amur

(Kwan Harbin Peking

chende) Hongkong Shanghai

Chefoo Manchouli Tientsin

Dairen Newchwang Vladivostok

(Daly) Yokohama

55 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills Discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZLERSKI, G. CARRERE, Managers for Asia.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorized by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorized Capital \$80,000,000.00

Paid-Up Capital \$12,379,800.00

Reserve Fund \$1,298,552.60

Special Reserve Fund \$1,509,932.68

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

Branches and Agencies:

Peking Tientsin Shanghai

Changhai Wuhu Ichang

Ankung Kiang Changsha

Dahly Hangchow Nanchang

Moukden Ningpo Kluikiang

Newchwang Nanking Foochow

Harbin Chinkiang Amoy

Kirin Soochow Canton

Tientsin Soochow Hongkong

Chefoo Wuseh Swatow

Tientsin Yangchow Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Loans granted on approved securities. Local Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Tael Current Account and Dollar Current Account at 2 per cent. per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:

For 3 months at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.

For 6 months at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.

For 12 months at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG, Manager.

Shanghai, 1st Nov., 1918.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique

Societe Anonyme

Paid-Up Capital ... Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.

London Office: 2 Bishopsgate.

Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt) and Rotterdam.

President: JEAN JADOT

Gouverneur Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:

London: Martin's Bank Ltd.

Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.

Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.

Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne.

Societe Anonyme.

Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte d'Paris.

New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS, Manager for China.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed ... Yen 48,000,000

Capital Paid-up ... Yen 42,000,000

Reserve Fund ... Yen 24,500,000

London Branches:

The London County and Westminster Bank and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:

Bombay Los Angeles S. Francisco

Buenos Ayres London Seattle

Calcutta Lyons Shanghai

Changhai Manila Shimonoseki

Dahly Nanking Mukden Singapore

Hankow Nagasaki Sourabaya

Harbin Newchwang Sydney

Hongkong New York Tientsin

Honolulu Osaka Tokyo

International Banking Corporation

Head Office: National City Bank Building 55 Wall Street, New York.

Capital and Surplus U.S. \$6,500,000

Undivided Profits U.S. \$1,712,000

H. T. S. Green, President & General Manager.

London Office: 25 Bishopsgate, E. C.

San Francisco Office: 222 Montgomery Street.

For Eastern Branches:

China: Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Hongkong, Canton.

Japan: Yokohama, Kobe.

Philippines: Manila, Cebu.

India: Bombay, Calcutta.

Straits Settlements: Singapore.

Dutch East Indies: Batavia, Soerabaya.

West Indies and Central American Branches:

Republic of Panama: Panama, Colon.

Republic of Colombia: Medellin.

Dominican Republic: Santo Domingo, San Pedro de Macoris.

Santiago, Puerto Plata.

In addition to our own Branches, by reason of our close affiliation with The National City Bank of New York we are able to offer the facilities of its branches at Bahal, Buenos Aires, Caracas, Genoa, Havana, Montevideo, Moscow, Petrograd, Rio de Janeiro, San Juan, P. R., Santiago de Cuba, Santos, Sao Paulo, Valparaiso.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold.

Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits taken on rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office: 12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than \$1, or over \$100, will be received at one time.

Not more than \$1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of \$5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance.

Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000

Paid-Up Capital Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed Deposits:

For 3 months at 2½ per annum.

For 6 months at 4 per annum.

For 12 months at 5 per annum.

On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL, Chief Manager.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

(Formerly The Cheong Cheong Nih Chartered Bank Ltd.)

Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital \$1,000,000.00

Reserve Fund 266,000.00

Head Office: Shanghai

14, Peking Road.

Managers' Office Central 2650

Tel. General: Central 2618 & 2614

Branches:

Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in taels and dollars according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent

Shen Chu Hsu, Manager.

Bun Chin Mib, Sub-Manager.

D. C. Yang, Sub-Manager.

I. KENNEDY, Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorized Capital £1,500,000

Subscribed Capital 1,125,000

Paid-up Capital 548,500

Reserve Fund 650,000

HEAD OFFICE: 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:

London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:

Bombay Howrah Madras

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Dec. 21	—	Vancouver	Beale Dollar	Br. R. D. & Co.	
Dec. 21	—	Seattle, etc.	Pushimi Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.	
Dec. 22	—	San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Jap. T. K. K.	
Dec. 23	—	Vancouver	Monteagle	Br. C. P. R.	
Dec. 23	—	Seattle, etc.	Kashima Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.	
Jan. 3	—	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.	
Jan. 13	—	San Francisco	Nanking	Am. C.M.S.S. Co.	
Jan. 15	—	Vancouver	Key West	Br. C. P. R.	
Jan. 15	—	Ningpo, etc.	Tabata Maru	Jap. O. B. K.	
Jan. 19	—	San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap. T. K. K.	
Jan. 25	—	Vancouver	Empress of Japan	Br. C. P. R.	
Jan. 25	—	San Francisco	Siberia Maru	Jap. T. K. K.	
Jan. 25	—	Vancouver	Merile Dollar	Br. R. D. & Co.	
Feb. 1	—	Vancouver	Stanley Dollar	Br. R. D. & Co.	
Feb. 1	—	New York via Panama	Harold Dollar	Br. R. D. & Co.	
Feb. 1	—	San Francisco	Bloomfontein	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.	
Feb. 1	—	San Francisco	Encador	Am. C.M.S.S. Co.	
Feb. 1	—	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap. T. K. K.	
Mar. 8	—	San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Jap. T. K. K.	

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Dec. 20	—	Kobe	Tamba Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Dec. 21	—	Kobe	Kamakura Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Dec. 21	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Dec. 24	—	Moji, Kobe & Yama	Yamashiro Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Dec. 25	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Dec. 26	—	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yama	Chikugo Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Dec. 27	—	Nagasaki	Penza	Rus. R. V. F.
Dec. 28	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Jan. 3	—	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yama	Kokura Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Jan. 1	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Takekuma Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.

FOR EUROPE INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Dec. 21	—	London, etc.	Altai Maru	Jap. O. B. K.
Dec. 21	—	Marseilles, etc.	Ganges Maru	Jap. O. B. K.
Dec. 28	—	London, etc.	Yokohama Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Jan. 20	—	Liverpool, etc.	Tamba Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Dec. 19 4.30	Ningpo	Kiangtse	Chl. C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec. 19 11.00	Amoy, H'kong & Canton	Buntings	Br. B. & S.
Dec. 19 noon	Hongkong & Canton	Emang	Br. J. M. & Co.
Dec. 20 4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br. B. & S.
Dec. 20 4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Chl. N.S.S. Co.
Dec. 20 noon	S'atow, H'kong & Canton	Wongang	Br. J. M. & Co.
Dec. 22 D.L.	Swatow & Hongkong	Yingchow	Br. B. & S.
Dec. 23	F'chow, K'lung & Takao	Kohoku Maru	Jap. O. B. K.
Dec. 24 D.L.	Hongkong & Canton	Buntings	Br. B. & S.
Dec. 25 D.L.	Amoy, H'kong & Canton	Suiyang	Br. B. & S.
Dec. 28	Hongkong & Manila	Nanking	Am. C.M.S.S. Co.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Dec. 19	Chefoo	Tai-shun	Chl. C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec. 19 9.00	Tsingtao & Dairen	Tencho Maru	Jap. S. M. R.
Dec. 20 10.00	W'wei, Chefoo & T'iao	Fengtien	Br. B. & S.
Dec. 20 noon	W'wei, Chefoo & T'iao	Kingsing	Br. J. M. & Co.
Dec. 21	Chinwangtao	Kobe Maru	Jap. S.M.R.
Dec. 21	Chinwangtao	Hero	Jap. K. M. A.
Dec. 24 3.00	Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap. S. M. R.
Dec. 27 4.30	Vladivostok	Penza	Rus. R. V. F.
Dec. 27	Tsingtao & Dairen	Keelung Maru	Jap. O. B. K.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Dec. 19 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangyung	Chl. C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec. 19 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Br. J. M. & Co.
Dec. 19 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tai-shun Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Dec. 20 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br. J. M. & Co.
Dec. 20 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Ngankin	Br. B. & S.
Dec. 20 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Suiyang Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Dec. 21 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Yingchow Maru	Br. B. & S.
Dec. 21 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br. B. & S.
Dec. 22 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Hwahlee	Chl. J. M. & Co.
Dec. 24 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br. J. M. & Co.
Dec. 24 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br. B. & S.
Dec. 25 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Woozung	Br. B. & S.

A.M. N.M.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT.

'Arrivals

Arrived	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Dec. 18	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chl. N.S.S. Co.	
Dec. 18	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br. B. & S.	
Dec. 18	Swatow	Koonshing	Br. J. M. & Co.	
Dec. 18	Swatow	Esang	Br. J. M. & Co.	
Dec. 18	Chefoo	Fengtien	Br. B. & S.	
Dec. 18	Chefoo	Kingsing	Br. J. M. & Co.	
Dec. 18	Hankow	Kutwo	Br. J. M. & Co.	
Dec. 18	Hongkong	Yingchow	Br. B. & S.	
Dec. 18	Tsingtao	Tencho Maru	Jap. S.M.R.	
Dec. 18	Chinwangtao	Hekian Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.	
Dec. 18	Japan	Yawata Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.	
Dec. 18	Japan	Fukuen Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.	
Dec. 18	Japan	Trigania	Chl. N.S.S. Co.	

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Dec. 18	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Takekuma Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.	
Dec. 18 noon	Swatow	Holhow	Br. B. & S.	
Dec. 18 D.L.	Tientsin	Shuntian	Br. B. & S.	
Dec. 18 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Hwahlee	Chl. C.M.S.N. Co.	
Dec. 18 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Nanyang Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.	
Dec. 18 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Chungking	Br. B. & S.	
Dec. 18	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br. B. & S.	
Dec. 18	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chl. N.S.S. Co.	

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. Kiangyung, Captain W. McIlwain, will leave on Thursday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co's Str. Talco Maru, Captain G. Kawamura, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on Thursday, December 19, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA, No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Wuchang, Captain Packard, will leave on Saturday, December 21, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents, Telephone No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co's Str. Tuckwo, tons 3,770, Capt. Campbell, will leave on Friday, December 20, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers, Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Ngankin, Captain H. A. Wavell, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, December 20, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77, Passage Telephone No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Woonung, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, December 25, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents, French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77, Passage Telephone No. 401.

For Southern Ports

AMOI, H'KONG & C'ON.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Sunning, Captain W. L. Jones, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, December 19, at 11 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Hsin Peking, Captain A. Scott, R.N.R., will leave from the French Bund on Friday, December 20, at 4.30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents, French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77, Passage Telephone No. 401.

SWATOW & HONGKONG.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Kiangchow, Captain E. B. Simon, will leave from the French Bund on Sunday, December 22, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FOHMOSSA) via FOOCHOW and KEELUNG.—The Str. Kohoku Maru, Captain S. Ohba, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtsepo Wharf on Monday, December 23, at —. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at — on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Telephone No. Central 4234 and 4235.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Shinkang, Captain G. W. Eedy, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, December 24, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

AMOI, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co's Str. Suiyang, Captain G. W. Eedy, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, December 26, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG.—The Str. Chicago Maru, Captain T. Saito, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtsepo Wharf on Wednesday, January 8, at —. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central 4234 and 4235.

For Northern Ports

CHEFOO.—The Steamer Tai-shun, Captain Westendorp, will leave on Thursday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co's Str. Fengtien, Capt. McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, December 20, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents, French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77, Passage Telephone No. 401.

CHINWANGTAO direct, taking through cargo for TIENTSIN.—The Kailan Mining Administration S. S. Hero, will despatch on Saturday, December 21, For Freight apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road, Tel. Central 1115.

For Foreign Ports

SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, INLAND SEA, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU.—The S. S. Shinyo Maru, tons 3,928, Capt. F. Indeson, will be despatched on Sunday, December 22. Tender conveying passengers and mails will leave Customs Jetty at 9 a.m. For passage apply to TOYO KISEN KAISHA, T. N. Alexander, Manager.

MAIRSEILLES.—The Str. Ganges Maru, Captain J. Aral, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtsepo Wharf on during December. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs Jetty. For Freight and Passage please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. Central 4234 & 4235.

LONDON.—The Steamer Altai Maru, Captain T. Fuchikami, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtsepo Wharf during December. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs Jetty. For Freight and Passage please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. Central 4234 & 4235.

TAKOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI or MOJI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The OSAKA Shoshen Kaisha's Steamer Arabia Maru, Captain J. Hamada, will be despatched on Thursday, January 16. Through Bills of Lading are granted to overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular invoices must accompany shipment to U.S.A. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs Jetty at — on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Telephone No. Central 4234 and 4235.

C. N. C.

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For WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and Peking via TIENTSIN).—S.S. Tangchow, Fengtien, Shantien and Shengkang.—Sailing from the French Bund. Regular sailing every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

For AMOI, SWATOW, HONGKONG, and CANTON.—S.S. Suiyang, Sunning, Shinkang, Kiangchow, Sheng and Kailong.—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application. Regular sailing every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday mornings.

For Ningpo.—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund. Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of passengers. For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son, Raffles Asiatic Bank Buildings, 15 The Bund.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
Agents, 21-23 French Bund.
Freight: Telephone Central 77.
Passage: Telephone Central 401.

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AMERICAN REGISTRY
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI (Subject to Change)

For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu	For Hongkong and Manila
S.S. Venezuela Jan. 3	S.S. Ecuador Jan. 11
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Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two bed staterooms only No Upper Berths. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

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AMERICAN REGISTRY
SAILINGS FROM MANILA (Subject to Change)

For Colombo via Singapore and Calcutta	For San Francisco via Cebu and Honolulu
S.S. Colusa Mar. 12	S.S. Colusa Jan. 3

Safety and comfort of passengers our first consideration. For information of freight or passage apply to
PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
1-B Nanking Road, Palace Hotel Building.
Telephone Central 5055 Cable Address "Solano"

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA
Osaka Mercantile Steamship Co.
Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to Alteration)

FOR LONDON (via Hongkong, Singapore and Port Said, leave arr. ALTAI MARU ... (15,000 tons) Capt. T. Fuchikami, During Dec. FOR MARSEILLES (via Hongkong and Singapore) GANGES MARU ... (8,400 tons) Capt. J. Ichikawa, During Dec. FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver via Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama, In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry. arr. leave. ARABIA MARU ... (18,000 tons) Capt. I. Hamada, Jan. 15 Jan. 16 FOR HONGKONG

CHICAGO MARU (12,000 tons) Capt. T. Saito, Jan. 7 Jan. 8 FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tientsin and Dairen). KEELUNG MARU (3,500 tons) Capt. Y. Fukami, Dec. 25 Dec. 27

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS AND FORMOSA (Fuchow, Keelung and Takao). KOHOKU MARU ... (5,200 tons) Capt. S. Ohba, Dec. 21 Dec. 23 The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to Europe, South America, South Africa, Australia, India, Java, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan. Through freight booked from Shanghai. For freight, passage and further information, please apply to—

H. SHIMAMURA, Manager.
OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA
Union Building, 4 The Bund
O.S.K. Yangtsepo Wharf, Wayside. Tel. Nos. Central 4234 and 4235. Tel. Nos. East 208 and 209. Tel. Address: SHOSHEN, SHANGHAI

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NOTICE

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Hongkong—Shanghai—Japan Ports
To Vancouver

First Sailing Empress of Russia about Feb. 22nd
and Every Four Weeks thereafter

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At daily rates of exchange. Can be cashed in any city in America.
For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, etc., apply to
G. M. JACKSON
General Agent, Passenger Department, 19-A The Bund, Palace Hotel Building. Tel. Central 132.
For through bills of lading quotation of freight rates, etc., apply to
L. E. N. RYAN, Agent
Corner Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads. Tel. Central 111.

T. K. K.

SHANGHAI BRANCH OFFICE

TOYO KISEN KAISHA

(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.)

Imperial Japanese and U. S. M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.

SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

SHINYO MARU For San Francisco	December 22
KOREA MARU For San Francisco	January 19
SIBERIA MARU For San Francisco	January 31
TENYO MARU For San Francisco	February 11
SHINYO MARU For San Francisco	March 8

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

All the steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Children's Nursery, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performances, Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

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T. N. ALEXANDER, Manager.

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'Phone Central 3229 (Entrance, 71 Soochuen Road.)

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THE AMERICAN STEAMERS

"NANKING" AND "CHINA"
(15,000 TONS) (10,000 TONS)

WILL SAIL FROM SHANGHAI FOR
SAN FRANCISCO

VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

S.S. "NANKING" JAN. 12th
S.S. "CHINA" FEB. 9th

S.S. "Nanking" does not call at Nagasaki.

FOR HONGKONG VIA MANILA
S.S. "NANKING" DEC. 27th
S.S. "CHINA" JAN. 22nd

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, freight rates, etc., apply to

F. C. CHARMAN,

Acting Agent.

[CORNER SZECHUEN & KIUKIANG ROADS

SHIPPING

N. Y. K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

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SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE

For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Port Said, Marseilles and England:

Tons	YOKOHAMA MARU	Dec. 23
12,500	Capt. K. Okamoto	
12,500	Capt. S. Shioya	

AMERICAN LINE

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki

Tons	YAMASHIRO MARU	Dec. 21
12,500	Capt. T. Iwasawa	
12,500	Capt. E. Tazawa	

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE

(Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

Tons	YAMASHIRO MARU	Dec. 21
12,500	Capt. T. Iwasawa	
12,500	Capt. E. Tazawa	

Kobe and Osaka Line

Tons	YAMASHIRO MARU	Dec. 21
12,500	Capt. T. Iwasawa	
12,500	Capt. E. Tazawa	

Kobe to Seattle

Tons	YAMASHIRO MARU	Dec. 21
12,500	Capt. T. Iwasawa	
12,500	Capt. E. Tazawa	

Kobe to Japan

Tons	YAMASHIRO MARU	Dec. 21
12,500	Capt. T. Iwasawa	
12,500	Capt. E. Tazawa	

Kobe to Hongkong

Tons	YAMASHIRO MARU	Dec. 21
12,500	Capt. T. Iwasawa	
12,500	Capt. E. Tazawa	

Kobe to Manila and Hongkong

Tons	YAMASHIRO MARU	Dec. 21
12,500	Capt. T. Iwasawa	
12,500	Capt. E. Tazawa	

Kobe to Australia

Tons	YAMASHIRO MARU	Dec. 21
12,500	Capt. T. Iwasawa	
12,500	Capt. E. Tazawa	

Kobe to Calcutta

Tons	YAMASHIRO MARU	Dec. 21
12,500	Capt. T. Iwasawa	
12,500	Capt. E. Tazawa	

Kobe to Bombay

Tons	YAMASHIRO MARU	Dec. 21
12,500	Capt. T. Iwasawa	
12,500	Capt. E. Tazawa	

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

November 20th, 1918, and until further notice

Station	Time	Station	Time
Tientsin	7:00	Pukow	10:00
Tientsin	7:15	Pukow	10:15
Tientsin	7:30	Pukow	10:30
Tientsin	7:45	Pukow	10:45
Tientsin	8:00	Pukow	11:00
Tientsin	8:15	Pukow	11:15
Tientsin	8:30	Pukow	11:30
Tientsin	8:45	Pukow	11:45
Tientsin	9:00	Pukow	12:00
Tientsin	9:15	Pukow	12:15
Tientsin	9:30	Pukow	12:30
Tientsin	9:45	Pukow	12:45
Tientsin	10:00	Pukow	13:00
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Tientsin	11:00	Pukow	14:00
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Tientsin	12:00	Pukow	15:00
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Tientsin	12:45	Pukow	15:45
Tientsin	13:00	Pukow	16:00
Tientsin	13:15	Pukow	16:15
Tientsin	13:30	Pukow	16:30
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Tientsin	14:00	Pukow	17:00
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Tientsin	18:30	Pukow	21:30
Tientsin	18:45	Pukow	21:45
Tientsin	19:00	Pukow	22:00
Tientsin	19:15	Pukow	22:15
Tientsin	19:30	Pukow	22:30
Tientsin	19:45	Pukow	22:45
Tientsin	20:00	Pukow	23:00
Tientsin	20:15	Pukow	23:15
Tientsin	20:30	Pukow	23:30
Tientsin	20:45	Pukow	23:45
Tientsin	21:00	Pukow	24:00

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

Conventional Signs.

300 — train runs on Thursday only. 230 — train runs on Fridays only.

300 — on trains marked this passengers must hold additional place tickets.

300 — train has buffet car with regular meal service.

300 — train has sleep. accom. 1st & 2nd class. 300 — train has only 1st class sleep. accom.

Application for sleeping accommodation at \$5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsichowfu or Pukow.

By Order.

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, November, 1918.

Large Display Advertisements

intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press

should be sent in before 5 p.m. on Friday.

ROHRBACH DEFENDS
BREST TREATY STILL

Exploiter Of German Force In Russian Settlement Laments Germany's Change Of Heart

SEES LOST BRIDGE TO EAST

Spontaneous Russian Split, He Says, Caused Germany's Policy

(New York Times)

Under the title, "The Way to the East," Dr. Paul Rohrbach, one of the early proponents of the Brest-Litovsk treaty and the openly admitted policy of exploiting it in Germany's favor by making Great Russia "henceforth a poor country of 50,000,000 farmer-folk," protests against the growing German dissatisfaction with this solution of the Eastern problem, in the Neue Hamburger Zeitung of September 21, a copy of which has just been received here.

"It is frequently assumed among us," he says, "that the policy which we have heretofore followed in the East must necessarily drive Great Russia into the arms of England and consequently block our way to the Far East. How erroneous this view is, might have been proved particularly by the most recent happenings in Russia. The final separation of Livonia and Esthonia was accepted by the Russians with complete indifference; the guaranteeing of the free ports of Riga, Reval, and Windau with great satisfaction. There can be no talk at all of any feeling of bitterness toward us evoked by the supplementary treaties; still less can it be said that these treaties have caused in Great Russia a reversal of sentiment in favor of England. On the contrary, the Anglo-Russian discord has been particularly sharpened now, after the signing of the supplementary treaties. As a matter of fact, things are precisely the reverse of what our alleged 'experts on Russia' try to convince us they are.

"In the first place, it is utterly erroneous to try to regard the separation of the various alien peoples from the former Russian Empire as a result of our Eastern policy. Such an elemental event as the awakening of the national self-consciousness of races heretofore in subjugation cannot be inspired from without, nor be caused to grow by any artificial policy of a neighboring State. Rather, it was here a question of a completely spontaneous movement which would in any event have broken forth, irrespective of our will and our policy.

"We, then, were merely left the choice either to recognize this movement or to place ourselves in opposition against it. We could not remain neutral observers, since we would otherwise never attain peace. Thus we were obliged, regarding the matter theoretically, either to concede peace with Great Russia at the expense of the alien peoples, or with the alien peoples at the expense of the former Russian Empire. But in actual fact the former course was blocked to us; Great Russia did not wish to conclude any peace at all with us, but hoped to the last for the outbreak of a German revolution. Thus nothing remained to us except to travel on the second path, in order to attain peace at all. Even if the Ukraine up to now has delivered little bread to us, it has at least given us peace in the East; and we must not forget that.

"Thus our Eastern policy, at bottom, has been nothing but a policy which was dictated to us by the events themselves, almost against our will. It is therefore testimony of a remarkably short memory subsequently to represent the matter as though we could in any event have acted differently than we did, as if it had only been our policy that evoked the separation policy of the alien peoples, instead of the reverse, that it was our policy that was evoked by the policy of separation on the part of these peoples.

Opposes Revision of Treaties

"Now our 'experts on Russia' declare: Well and good, that may have been necessary at that time; but today we have peace in the East; therefore we can give up our heretofore policy in the East and subject the Brest-Litovsk treaty subsequently to a thorough revision. Quite aside from the fact that such zig-zag jumping about cannot possibly be of any advantage to our policy, the question arises: What can we hope to attain by it? The answer is given: The friendship of Great Russia. But who will guarantee to us that we shall buy it with this policy? Is it not much more likely that we shall get along with Great Russia as long as it is dependent upon us and our position in the East is unassailable? Are not the free ports of Riga, Reval, and Windau a better guarantee of a lasting peace than if these ports belonged wholly to Russia? At least it appears most doubtful that we shall be able to insure the friendship of Great Russia permanently in the future at the expense of the alien peoples whom we have just delivered—for the present, of course, there is no question of it.

"But beyond a doubt we would thereby lose the friendship and confidence of these border States, simply impossible to include both policies. He who would have friends everywhere finally has none at all. "But what would be a further consequence of this? Left in the lurch by us, the young East States would have to look for protection to some other quarter. England would simply impossible to sit down in the nest we have warmed. Thus, Finland and the Ukraine, deserted by us, and with their existence threatened by Moscow, would doubtless in time slide into the English fairway, and then

French Hero Of Skies



LEUTENANT. NUNGESSER.

Lieutenant Charles Nungesser, one of the famous French "aces," with forty-six German planes to his credit, will leave shortly for the United States on a propaganda mission for aviation. Lieutenant Nungesser has just been named an officer of the Legion of Honor, and he has more than twenty important decorations and numerous medals and citations. Before becoming an aviator Nungesser won his spurs and the military medal as a soldier in the infantry.

the East would indeed be blocked to us. Not Great Russia, but the Ukraine remains open to us; Great Russia cannot look its doors to us for it is itself dependent upon the Ukraine.

"Finally, however, the super-wise 'experts on Russia' maintain, Great Russia and the Ukraine must in the future surely unite, so that we would again have but a single Russia in the East, in which Moscow would play the leading part. When, however, we recall that these same 'experts on Russia,' months after the outbreak of the Russian revolution, insisted most decidedly that there was no Ukraine question at all, this alone would make us mistrust their prophecies. But even assuming that in future there would be a union of Moscow and Kiev, such a union could result only on the basis of a treaty between equal and fully independent States, as M. Lyssagub, the President of the Ukrainian Council of Ministers, some time emphatically stated. It certainly seems altogether out of the question that Kiev should find occasion ever again voluntarily to subject itself to Moscow. The Ukrainian idea of a State has already driven its roots far too deeply into the people's consciousness; it can never again be torn out. If Great Russia and the Ukraine should really unite on the basis of a federation as equal States, it is all the harder to see why then the friendship of Moscow should be the more valuable than that of Kiev. Good relations with the peace-loving Ukraine would certainly even then guarantee us a much surer peace in the East than such relations with Great Russia, which is ever restless and lustful for conquest.

"Our Eastern policy, therefore, in no event blocks our path to the East. On the contrary it has unlocked Eastern Europe for us, and has provided us, politically, with the position on the Continent without which it would never be possible for us in the future to assert our position beside the Anglo-Saxon world. Whoever shakes this Eastern policy is disingenuous, the ground on which we stand, so to speak, is the ground of the very bridges that link us with the East."

'ABIE,' BACK FROM WAR

(From the Minneapolis Journal)

Abraham Fleischer, an American soldier of Jewish extraction, returned to Springfield, Mass., the other day from France. He had been a general favorite with the boys and was known as "Abie." He had lost an eye and an arm while gallantly doing his best at Apremont Wood, and his fighting days were over. The sensation he formerly pursued was also closed to him by his disabilities, and he was uncertain what he would do.

Springfield splendidly welcomed its returned hero in a great outpouring of all faiths, classes and former nationalities in a public meeting to which "Abie" told his story. Far from being discouraged by his experiences, he kept the audience in a roar of laughter by his native wit. But after the meeting "Abie" still had on his hands the problem of what he was to do to make a living. Here it was that his former friends rose to the occasion and expressed their gratitude and their admiration in a practical manner. The Jewish residents of Springfield got together and bought for "Abie" a stock of merchandise, placed it in a store, paid a month's rent and passed the key over to him. So the returned soldier walks into a business without owing a cent, and he may be trusted to do the rest.

A man with the mercantile instinct does not necessarily need arms or both legs to make good, though these appendages are convenient to have. But "Abie" will make a success of the business without his lost arm and his lost eye. His good humor and his record will bring him customers, and he will know how to retain them.

51 HUNGRY GERMANS
LURED INTO CAPTIVITY

Go To Americans For Promised Tobacco And Finally Decide They Will Not Return

With the American Forces Northwest of Verdun, October 27, (Associated Press).—Americans now count among their prisoners fifty-one members of the Second German Landwehr, who are the most sadly disillusioned men from the German Emperor's army. The men still are convinced that a shabby trick was played on them when they were taken prisoner, though they are quickly becoming reconciled to their lot by their generous rations of food and tobacco.

The Germans for several days had been coming forward to a point midway between the two lines where bread and tobacco had been given them by Americans. The donors, they told an American intelligence officer today, were crosses on their shoulders.

The other day when they came over they were told that the next time each man would receive five sacks of tobacco instead of one sack. The opportunity was too good to be lost and instead of groups of three, four, and five, as heretofore, fifty-one men came in a group eager for tobacco and food. The Germans were hospitably received at the customary rendezvous, split into small groups and invited to go to another spot where the distribution would take place. That spot proved to be the intelligence office of the American Division where the Landwehrs were informed that they were prisoners.

The Germans indignantly demanded to be sent back to their lines immediately together with their rations of five sacks of tobacco and bread. For a long time they could not be induced to say why they had been basely betrayed, but they gradually came to renounce their demand that they be returned, especially when they saw the treatment accorded by the American soldiers to them and even to other prisoners. The Landwehrs will receive their extra rations as promised.

Provision Prices
In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkong market as compiled on December 17, 1918.

Butcher's Meat	per lb.	Price
Beef	14-20	
Mutton	16-20	
Pork	25-30	
Veal	25-30	
Fish	per lb.	Price
Bream	18-20	
Cod	18-20	
Mandarin	30-40	
Mackerel	25-30	
Pomfret	25-30	
Salmon	18-20	
Samli	none	
Soles	18-20	
Whitebait	20-25	
Game, Poultry And Eggs	each	Price
Deer	\$2.50-43	
Duck	40-80	
Eggs	20-24	
Fowl	16-18	
Geese	80-100	
Hare	35-40	
Partridge	55-65	
Pheasant	50-60	
Pigeons	18-20	
Quail	14-16	
Snipe	14-16	
Turkey	35-40	
Teal	16-18	
Wild Duck	25-30	
Wild Geese	40-50	
Wild Pigeons	10-12	
Woodcock	40-50	
Fruit	per lb.	Price
Apples	16-20	
Bananas	6-7	
Cherries	none	
Chestnuts	10-12	
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	16-18
Lemons	each	8-10
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Mongosteans	per doz.	none
Melons	each	none
Oranges	per lb.	6-10
Peaches	10-16	
Pears	12-15	
Persimmons	none	
Peaches	none	
Plums	none	
Pumpkins	15-20	
Pineapples	8-10	
Strawberries	none	
Walnuts	12-14	
Vegetables	each	Price
Artichokes	2-3	
Asparagus	per doz.	none

Grain And Flour	per 50 lbs.	Price
Flour American	15.50	
Flour Australian	14.50	
Flour Shanghai	13.50	
Rice	per 200 lbs.	17.50
Milk	per bottle	Price
Foreign dairies	10	
Chinese dairies	17	
Fodder	per 114 lbs.	Price
Barley	12.50	
Brass	12.50	
Fuel	per ton	Price
House Coal	19.00	
Stove Coal	19.50	
Firewood	per 50 bundles	11.00
Laundry	per 100 articles	Price
	33.00-4.00	

P. J. W. McNEIL

Chief Inspector.



Since War broke out

10,000

Oliver

Typewriters

have been bought by
H. B. M. Government
for military purposes

Oliver Typewriter Agency: 1, Fochow Road.

THOMAS W. SIMMONS & CO.

of San Francisco

EMBASSY SECRETARY BACK FROM RUSSIA

Norman Armour Tells Of The
Horrors Of The Bolshevik
Regime In Petrograd

THE POPULATION STARVING

Red Guards More Murderous
And Autocratic Than Any
Agency Of The Tsars

An Atlantic Port, November 5.—A British liner arrived today from England with 225 passengers, making the trip within six days, which was a record for wartime. The ship in making fast to the pier this morning bumped the pierhead and tore away some of the superstructure with her sharp stem. There was delay in getting the baggage from the hold because the longshoremen insisted on a full hour for luncheon at noon.

In the first cabin was a party of American officials from Russia, among

them Norman Armour, Secretary of the United States Embassy; William C. Huntington, the Commercial Attaché, and Felix Willoughby Smith, former United States Consul at Tiflis. They are returning to Washington under orders of the State Department. Speaking of conditions in Russia under the Bolshevik regime, Mr. Armour said the outside world had no conception of the terrible things that are occurring daily in Russia. "The conditions under the greatest tyrants in the time of the Tsar," he said, "were never half so bad as they are today under the Bolsheviks. We were ordered out of Petrograd on July 2, with the other foreign diplomats and consular officers, and were sent to Volodga. We were often ordered to leave that place, but stayed on because there were ten employees of the National City Bank and a lot of money and valuables that needed protection. The Bolsheviks attacked the British Embassy and killed the Naval Attaché because he would not obey orders, and frequent attacks were made on our party of Americans, but we stood them off."

"Our hope was that help would come to us from Archangel. Toward the end of August the Bolsheviks covered our building with machine-guns, and when night came swooped down on us, carried our

effects into the streets and took us to the railroad station, where a special train was waiting to carry the party to the frontier. A wide detour was made to avoid entering Petrograd."

Mr. Armour said he had a Norwegian passport, and got back to Petrograd, disguised as a despatch bearer for the Norwegian Government.

"I found the principal building closed," he said, "and the entire city seemed deserted. The Bolshevik guards were out in force, and their attitude toward the public was more autocratic than anything ever perpetrated in the name of the Tsar. Words are inadequate to describe what I saw in Russia during this reign of terror, misery, want and wholesale murder. The people are starving and can get no hearing, much less redress, from the blood-craved Bolsheviks."

As an illustration of food conditions in Petrograd, Mr. Armour told of seeing an emaciated cab horse die in the shafts and of hungry men and women cutting up and carrying away the carcass.

Mr. Armour refused to discuss movements of the Allied forces in Russia or Siberia.

The C.N. s.s. Tatum left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachi Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The I.C. s.s. Loongyo will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Luanyi will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Yohyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Suiyang will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The K.M.A. s.s. Hero (chartered) left Chingwangtao for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Woosung will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.K.K. s.s. Suiyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Yamashiro Maru with mails will leave Nagasaki for Shanghai today and may be expected to arrive at Shanghai on Saturday.

The M.M. s.s. Sphinct with the French mails of November 23, 1918, left Colombo for Shanghai on Saturday, December 14, and may be expected to arrive at Shanghai on Tuesday, December 21.

The M.M. s.s. Porthos with the French mails of December 6, 1918, left Port Said for Shanghai on Saturday, December 14, and may be expected to arrive at Shanghai on January 14, 1919.

The T.K.K. s.s. Shinyo Maru left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday and may be expected to arrive at Woosung on Saturday. She will be despatched for San Francisco via Japan ports and Honolulu Sunday morning and the tender will leave the Customs Jetty at 9 o'clock.

Shipping Items

The L.C. s.s. Tuckwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Ngankin left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Suiyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Sinking left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Wuchang left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The H.O. s.s. Changon left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The L.C. s.s. Hwahlee left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

**The Shanghai
Chemical
Laboratory**
No. 4 Canton Road

GREAT BARGAIN SALE

TO CONTINUE UNTIL DECEMBER 24th.

EMBROIDERED LINEN, TABLE
CENTRES, HANDBAGS, HANDKER-
CHIEFS, ASSORTMENT OF HAND-
MADE LACES, PONGEES AND SILK

THE PONGEE & LACE EMPORIUM

181 Szechuen Road. Telephone, Central 3287



**GRAND
PRIZE
FANCY DRESS
BALL**

at the
CARLTON CAFE

on
'Xmas Eve, December 24th

DINER de LUXE

\$3.00 per cover \$3.00

will be served from 8 to 10 p.m.

Guests invited to dine in Fancy Dress.

Those who dine at the
Carlton on 'Xmas Eve
will receive a ticket en-
titled them to a chance
in the drawing for the
numerous valuable and
pretty prizes to be given
away during the evening.



Reserve your table by phone:
Central 2301 and 2337

Business and Official Notices

(Continued from Page 9)

UNION CHURCH
Thursday, 19th December
at 5:45 p.m.

**THE
MESSIAH (Handel)**
(Parts 1 and 2)

Soloists.—
MRS. W. J. ISENMAN
MRS. G. F. ASHLEY
MR. A. J. CARSON
MR. W. J. HAYNES

Leader of Orchestra—
MISS MACLEOD

At the organ.—
MR. J. WADDELL

Chorus and Orchestra of 75

Conductor.—
MR. R. C. YOUNG

Collection on behalf of the Blind
Soldiers' and Sailors' Fund.

Street Repairs

Tenders are herewith invited for
street repairs on private property on
Bubbling Well Road.

Enquire Wm. KATZ & CO.,
1a Jinkee Road.

20447

**Naamloze Vennootschap
Maatschappij tot Mijn-Bosch-en
Landbouw-Exploitatie in Langkat.**

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.
As the alteration of our Statutes
in accordance with the Resolutions
passed at our last General Meeting
has been sanctioned by the Govern-
ment of the Netherlands Indies, the
New Companies have now to be re-
gistered here and it is anticipated
that the scrip will be ready early in
January. These Companies will be
registered as The Shanghai Loan
and Investment Company, Limited,
and The Shanghai Exploration and
Development Company, Limited.

The Transfer Books of the Com-
pany will be closed from the 24th to
31st December, both days inclusive,
and the scrip in the New Companies
will be issued to those Shareholders
on the Register on that date in ac-
cordance with the Resolutions.

By Order of the Directors,
GEORGE McBAIN,
Gen. Agents,
Shanghai, 22nd November, 1918.

20228

Culty Dairy Company, Ltd.

NOTICE is hereby given that
the Seventh Annual General Meet-
ing of the Shareholders of the Culty
Dairy Co., Ltd., will be held at the
Offices of the Agents, Messrs. J. P.
Bisset and Co., No. 1 The Bund
(First Floor) on Monday, 23rd
December, 1918 at 4 p.m.
The Transfer Books will be
closed from the 17th to 23rd Decem-
ber, both days inclusive.
J. P. BISSET and Co.,
Secretaries and Agents.
20450

The Shanghai Hotels Ltd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN
that the Debenture Transfer Re-
gister of the above Company will be
closed from the 24th to the 31st
December 1918, both days inclusive,
for the preparation of Debenture
Interest Warrants.

By order of the Board,
E. BURROWS,
Secretary.
20501

Chen Chan Tai & Co.

All kinds of new skins and furs
have now arrived from their
noted places of produce: sable,
ermine, otter, beaver, mink,
musquash, tiger, leopard, wolf,
raccoon, cat (black all over),
and naturally black, white, red,
and yellow fox skins, etc., all
of superior quality and good for
gentlemen's and ladies' garments,
collars, muffers, etc. Gray, black and
white goatskin rugs in large sizes.
Our furs are superior and moderate
in price.

No. 133, Honan Road, Shanghai.
Telephone No. 2933.

19781

Winter Notice

HOPKINS' BUTCHERY, Cor-
ner of Ningpo and Szechuen Roads,
are now prepared to supply to their
patrons and the public their well-
known **GAME PIES, PORK
PIES, BRAWNS, PORK SAUS-
AGES, PRIME FRESH and
CORNED BEEF, FRESH and
PICKLED PORK**. All orders
will have prompt and careful atten-
tion. Pass books on application.
Shanghai, 5th Dec., 1918.

20861

COAL FOR SALE

Per ton.
House Coal No. 1..... \$25.00
House Coal No. 2..... \$24.00
House Coal No. 3..... \$22.00
Kitchen Coal No. 1..... \$22.00
Chinese Anthracite..... \$26.00
Hongay Coal..... \$32.00
Firewood...per 60 bundles \$ 1.00
Charcoal.....per basket \$ 0.50

Good Weight and Quality Guaranteed

L. HOPKINS,
Corner of Ningpo and Szechuen Rds.
Telephone Central 1124.
Shanghai, Dec. 5, 1918.

20862

EXPORTERS ATTENTION!!!

Why do you pretend to look wise?
You really don't know those
Chinese Guys. Experts are far
and few between. Doeskins, Goat-
skins, Bristles, are not so keen to
move from Szechwan, well packed
and selected, until it costs you
bitter experience for goods collect-
ed. And then you'll surely think
of "Born in 1915," of Bristles
Doeskins, Goatskins, and of "Still
Existing."

WIDLER & CO.
Chungking, West China.

20863

TAKE ADVANTAGE

OF THE

HIGH EXCHANGE!

Carry a Gold
Dollar Account

WITH

**AMERICAN EXPRESS
COMPANY**

No. 3 Kiukiang Road

APOLLO THEATRE, TOMORROW

NORMA TALMAGE

The Screen Star in
"THE MISSING LINKS"
A Five Part-Triangle Fine Art Film

A clever little story dealing with life in a
country town but Miss Talmage with her
wonderful personality gives a great lift to the
picture and makes it out of the common rut.

DID YOU CELEBRATE?

Is so — come and see
**VICTORY CELEBRATIONS
IN SHANGHAI**
300 Feet of Perfect Pictures
of the various processions, etc., taken by Pathe Freres.

"THE BEAUTY PARLOR"

A Two-Part Keystone Comedy
Packed with roars of laughter.
If you want laughs see this film.

Time and Prices as usual. Book at Robinson

Matinee, Saturday 4 p.m.
"The Count of Monte Cristo"
Epoch Two: "Treasures of Monte Cristo"

Matinee, Sunday 3 p.m.
"Who is No. 1?"
Episode 9 "Struck Down!"
.. 10 "Wires of Wrath"

Charlie Chaplin

PROGRAMME

WILL BE SCREENED

at the **OLYMPIC THEATRE**

FOR FOUR NIGHTS ONLY

December 20th, 21st, 22nd and 23rd

SHOWING

The following Chaplin Comedies

"THE POLICE"

Two Parts

"HELLO EVERYBODY!"

One Part

"THE PERFUMED LADY"

One Part

"THE CURE"

Two Parts

"Two of the Bravest"

Special Comedy

MATINEES

Saturday, 21st and Sunday, 22nd at 3.15 p.m.

Usual Cinema Prices